TEACHER	PhD Tu	PhD Tutors/Outreach Practitioner/Teacher		<b>Co-ordinating officer:</b> Katie Caplehorn Hare	
DATE AND PERIOD	2020 o	nwards	Rooм	N/A	
SUBJECT/TOPIC	Metac	ognition	LEVEL	Pre-16	
RESOURCES	PowerPoint, Nearpod (online), Metacogniti		Workbook		
CONTEXT: In relation to:  • The group/learner needs		This lesson is targeted at improving understanding of metacognition so that students can begin to think metacognitively and improve their learning.			
The scheme of work		Students will already be practising metacognitive techniques as part of their school work. However, it is unlikely that they will have given these techniques much thought or that they will have even heard of metacognition.			
		Classes that complete these one of of mixed ability. The booklet there that students of all abilities are sati	fore includes er		
		Teachers will have been briefed ab so the materials and topics covered of the booklet can be sent beforehapproval.	d should be suit	able for all. A copy	
AIMS:	To improve υ	nderstanding of metacognition and hontext.	w it can be app	lied in an	
METHODS/ ACTIVITIES/ TIMINGS: TIMINGS	<ul> <li>All students should understand what metacognition is</li> <li>All students should successfully employ metacognition, at a conscious level, when completing the exercises set in the session</li> <li>Most students should understand why metacognitive strategies are important in academia</li> <li>Most students should be able to identify effective metacognitive strategies</li> <li>Students will be asked to log onto nearpod.com and engage in the memory test activity which involves matching the items and trying to remember where they are. If this activity can't be completed move onto the next memory game. Ask students to think about the strategies used to memorise the location of the items.</li> <li>The next memory game is a variety of objects on the screen that they will have two minutes to try and remember. They will then be asked to write down as many of them as they can remember.</li> <li>There will then be a talk about different strategies and you will ask the students to take note of the following methods: there are different possibl approaches that one could take, including creating mnemonics, self-testing or visualising. The students will be asked to write down any other strategies they can think of and rate how effective they are.</li> <li>It will be explained that this kind of thinking is metacognition. It will be suggested that metacognition is about thinking about the ways that we</li> </ul>		gnitive strategies ge in the memory to remember nto the next used to memorise en that they will e asked to write u will ask the different possible onics, self-testing, y other strategies ion. It will be		
	thin we i  Met thro The grad	k, monitoring them to see if they work, need to. acognition Phases, Planning, Monitorin ugh an example and ask them to write benefits of learning metacognitive techles – will be pointed out to them, as wilning effectively.	and then adjusing and Evaluation their own.  In iques – for expenses.	iting our strategy if on. You'll talk cample, boosting	

	The murder mystery is introduced and the second Memory Game begins.
	Students are asked to think about the method they will use this time and
	write it down in their workbooks.
	Discussion and reflection on the second Memory Game. Students will be
	asked to consider how their method and their score compared to the
	previous attempt.
	The session will then return to focusing on the murder mystery.
	Look in the suitcase and decide which items might help us solve the case.
	The notepad is the one you want to click on to lead onto the next activity.
	Explain that Harry, the protagonist, left a code on a piece of paper in his
	suitcase that would reveal the killer. This will help them reveal the killer
	The code-cracking exercise is introduced.
	Hopefully some students were able to crack the code. For those that didn't
	you will talk them through the strategy. Ask the students to think about
	what they tried and why they realised it didn't work. Ask them to talk it out
	loud- important part of metacognition.
	Ask students to write down their strategy and thought processes.
	Explain that the act of thinking about what they're doing and being really
	aware of it makes them more likely to succeed next time. Refer back to the
	metacognition phases to show that's how they were able to crack the code.
	> Brief explanation of the table of strategies students can use to enhance their
	learning
	Concluding discussion. Students asked to recall what metacognition is
	acknowledging that this is itself a metacognitive technique. Students
	reminded that metacognition not only helps with their college work, but will
	also be useful if they come to university.
LEARNING CHECKS:	To ensure learning has taken place, students are asked to record their
	strategies and thinking in their workbooks throughout the session.
	Throughout the lesson targeted questioning will be used to ensure students
	understand the importance of metacognition and the strategies that can be
	employed.
DIFFERENTIATED TASKS:	The first two activities allow students to demonstrate their current strategies
	for learning and retaining information. By doing so, they will be able to
	compare these strategies to other ways of thinking developed throughout
	the session. The third activity will enable them to make this direct
	comparison.
	Tasks have been developed so the more able students have plenty of
	opportunity to expand their thinking, whilst less able students will still be
EVEDV CHU D AAATTEDO '	able to complete the tasks with additional support (clues etc).
EVERY CHILD MATTERS/	> Staying Safe/Making a Positive Contribution: it is important that the session
SAFEGUARDING	leader is supportive and encourages all students to engage and contact them
CONSIDERATIONS	with any questions or problems.
	Enjoyment and Achievement: students will hopefully build on existing
	knowledge, which should give them a sense of satisfaction. Tasks have been
	designed to be fun, engaging and interactive so that students are encouraged to learn.
	<ul> <li>Safeguarding procedures will be upheld. No isolated one-to-one contact with</li> </ul>
	a student will occur, no physical contact with a student will occur and no
	contact details will be exchanged unless via the school. Any concerns about a
	student's well-being will be reported to the Outreach Safeguarding Officer.
	stadent's wen-being win be reported to the Odtreach Safeguarding Officer.

E & D (a possible area for the T & L Development Plan)	The workbooks used in class are highly inclusive; all students have access to the materials required for the lesson. They are designed to include all relevant information required to improve understanding of metacognition and to encourage students to translate this theory into practice.
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