





Financial Statements



Contents

Financial Statements 2011-12

Financial Highlights

Operating and Financial Review

Public Benefit

Corporate Governance Statement

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Council

Accounting Policies

Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account

Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses

Balance Sheet

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

Notes to the Financial Statements

Five-Year Summary of Financial Position

3 4 5

12 16

20

21

25

26

2728

29

49

Front cover pictures, clockwise from top left: The newly restored Grade II listed Wivenhoe House has reopened as a luxury hotel and provides a home for the Edge Hotel School; students outside the award-winning University Square complex at the Southend Campus; and the 1,000 seat Ivor Crewe Lecture Hall is another award-winning building at the heart of the Colchester Campus. Inside cover picture: Students enjoy meeting up after lectures in Square 3 at the Colchester Campus.

Chair's Introduction

I am delighted to present the Financial Statements for 2011-12 which record that the University concluded the last full year of the old funding regime in good health.

2011-12 was also Professor Colin Riordan's last year as Vice-Chancellor. A walk around the campuses of the University provides visible testimony to the dynamism, vision and confidence that Colin brought to the University. We are extremely grateful to Colin and wish him well in his new role as Vice-Chancellor of Cardiff University. Tragically, Dr Tony Rich, our former Registrar and Secretary who moved to the University of Bristol earlier in the year, died in June. Tony's energy, expertise and professionalism are remembered with great fondness. Before he died, he received an honorary degree at a ceremony attended by his family, many friends and colleagues. The naming of our new Teaching Centre honours Tony's lasting contribution to the University.

The rapidly changing higher education scene offers unique opportunities for innovation and fresh thinking. We have been building on our success over the last five years while making the transition to the new funding regime; responding effectively to ever greater competition for Home/EU undergraduate students; and developing a new Strategic Plan. The University is redoubling its focus on delivering excellence in research and excellence in education, and we are already thinking about different modes of delivery of our degree programmes. We are confident that the time is right to make significant investments in the 'Essex Experience' so that we can provide a world-class campus-based experience to our students centred on research-led teaching, and excellent opportunities for personal development through volunteering, sport, music and the arts.

We remain committed to investing to attract the very best staff and students who can benefit from the type of education we offer. Such investments include our new Student Centre and extension to the Albert Sloman Library, a new building to house the Essex Business School and a world-class Experimental Laboratory in the Social Sciences which promises to be the best in Europe and amongst the best in the world.

These new developments follow the recent opening of the Edge Hotel School in the newly restored Grade II listed Wivenhoe House, our partnership with Uliving in building 648 new student rooms on the Colchester Campus, and the rapid progress on building The Forum Southend-on-Sea, a joint enterprise with Southend Borough Council and South Essex College. This infrastructure programme demonstrates a sustained commitment to the development of the University's facilities and campuses on a scale that matches the initial investment in the estate when the University was founded.

I was very pleased to welcome Bryn Morris as our new Secretary and Registrar in November 2011 and Professor Anthony Forster as our new Vice-Chancellor, Andrew Keeble as our Director of Finance and Simon Neale as our Director of Estates Management who took up their posts in the summer of 2012.

Their appointments mean that we have successfully renewed the senior management team of the University at an exciting moment in our history as we approach our 50th anniversary with optimism and confidence about the future. The University Council and I look forward to working closely with them in the coming years.

David Currie - Chair of Council



The University is redoubling its focus on delivering excellence in research and excellence in education, and we are already thinking about different modes of delivery of our degree programmes

Financial Highlights

(2010-11 comparative figures shown in brackets)

- Total income up 4% to £152m (£146m)
- Operating Surplus before staff severance costs, joint ventures and FRS17 of £1.6m (£2.1m)
- EBITDA (Earnings before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortisation adjusted for one-off staff restructuring costs and pension FRS17 adjustment) of £11.1m (£9.4m)
- Capital expenditure of £19.6m (£14.1m)
- Net assets of £136m (£140m)
- Net debt of £61m (£46m)

Summary Finances

2011-12 2010-11		Ch	ange
£'000	£'000	€000	%
33,952	36,333	-2,381	-7%
62,734	56,864	5,870	10%
25,445	25,493	-48	0%
29,533	26,994	2,539	9%
440	562	-122	-22%
152,104	146,246	5,585	4%
150,501	144,160	6,341	4%
1,603	2,086	-483	
-497	-2,748		
912	1,162		
1,590	1,477		
3,608	1,977	1,631	
11,088	9,398	1,690	
19,606	14,110		
6,178	5,446	732	
60,573	46,306	14,267	
136,059	140,024	-3,965	
	£'000 33,952 62,734 25,445 29,533 440 152,104 150,501 1,603 -497 912 1,590 3,608 11,088 19,606 6,178 60,573	£'000 £'000 33,952 36,333 62,734 56,864 25,445 25,493 29,533 26,994 440 562 152,104 146,246 150,501 144,160 1,603 2,086 -497 -2,748 912 1,162 1,590 1,477 3,608 1,977 11,088 9,398 19,606 14,110 6,178 5,446 60,573 46,306	£'000 £'000 £000 33,952 36,333 -2,381 62,734 56,864 5,870 25,445 25,493 -48 29,533 26,994 2,539 440 562 -122 152,104 146,246 5,585 150,501 144,160 6,341 1,603 2,086 -483 -497 -2,748 912 1,590 1,477 3,608 1,977 1,631 11,088 9,398 1,690 19,606 14,110 5,496 6,178 5,446 732 60,573 46,306 14,267

Student Numbers

-		11-12 TEs	2010-11 (FTEs		Cha	Change	
Home/EU	7,716	75 %	7,498	74%	218	3%	
Overseas	2,574	25 %	2,596	26%	-22	-1%	
	10,290	100%	10,094	100%	196	2%	
Undergraduate	8,418	82 %	7,743	77%	675	9%	
Postgraduate	1,872	18%	2,351	23%	-479	-20%	
	10,290	100%	10,094	100%	196	1%	

Operating and Financial Review

Constitution, Regulation and Business Environment

The University is an exempt charity established by Royal Charter in 1965 and its charitable affairs are regulated by the Higher Education Funding Council for England (HEFCE). Members of the governing body, called Council, are trustees of the charity.

Established in Colchester, the University also operates campuses in Loughton and Southend.

These financial statements are those of the University of Essex Group, comprising the University, its various subsidiary undertakings and joint ventures. The most material of these is University Campus Suffolk Ltd, a joint venture with the University of East Anglia, that provides higher education in Ipswich and throughout Suffolk. Details of this and other subsidiary undertakings are included in note 27 of the financial statements.

The University operates in a complex mix of regulated and unregulated markets with a mix of primary purpose (i.e. charitable) and non-primary purpose activity. Non-primary purpose activity is organised through subsidiary undertakings.

Funding from HEFCE is governed by a Financial Memorandum which sets out the conditions of grant which the University must satisfy in order to receive public funding.

The Financial Statements are produced in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for Further and Higher Education (SORP) which is based on UK Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The Financial Statements are compliant with the HEFCE Accounts Direction 2011-12.

This review has been prepared in accordance with the Reporting Statement: Operating and Financial Review published by the Accounting Standards Board.

The University's Mission and Financial Strategy

The University's mission is to provide excellence in research and excellence in education. It aims to be rated amongst the top 25 universities in the United Kingdom as indicated by The Times Good University Guide.

Supporting this is a financial strategy that seeks to ensure financial sustainability through the generation of sufficient cash to maintain high quality facilities and update and develop the infrastructure for research and education.

Key Performance Indicators

Strategic Priorities	Target	Performance
Research	Top ten ranking for research quality	Ranked 9th in the RAE2008 by grade point average (source: The Times)
	Research grant and contract income to increase by 5% per year.	0% increase in 2011-12 21% increase in 2010-11 16% increase in 2009-10 (source: financial statements)
	90% of eligible staff submitted to RAE/REF (Research Assessment Exercise/Research Excellence Framework)	92% in RAE2008
Student experience	Improved National Student Survey (NSS) ranking	Ranked 17th for all non-specialist English HEIs in the 2012 NSS (20th in 2011) (source: NSS)
	Overall student satisfaction rate of 85% in NSS	89% overall satisfaction in 2012 NSS, 88% in 2011 88% in 2010
	Employability – 90% in employment or study	87% in employment or study (source: HESA DLHE data)
Global impact	Market share and growth – to have 35% of students from outside the UK	39% from outside the UK in 2011-12 39% in 2010-11 38% in 2009-10 (source: internal data)
	20% of students from more than 120 countries	20% from 136 countries in 2011-12 20% in 2010-11 20% in 2009-10 (source: internal data)
	No more than 8% of students from one non-UK country	7% from a single country in 2011-12 7% in 2010-11 9% in 2009-10 (source: internal data)
	Top 200 University in THE World ranking	In the band 251 – 275 in 2012-13 In the band 201 – 225 in 2011-12 248 in 2010 (source: THE World Rankings)
Finance	Surplus 3.5% of turnover* (Surplus before severance costs, joint ventures and FRS17 credit) *The 3.5% target has been suspended during the period of transition between funding systems	2.4% in 2011-12 1.4% in 2010-11 4.4% in 2009-10 (source: Financial Statements)
	Cash balance sufficient to fund 25 days average expenditure	77 days in 2011-12 80 days in 2010-11 60 days in 2009-10
	Affordability of debt (operating cash flow to net debt servicing costs ratio to exceed 1.0)	0.6 in 2011-12 2.4 in 2010-11 6.8 in 2009-10 3.1 in 2008-09
	Staff costs/Income ratio to be in line with 1994 Group	53.5% in 2011-12 54.5% in 2010-11 54.6% in 2009-10
	5% growth of income	4.0% in 2011-12 5.2% in 2010-11 13.2% in 2009-10

Results for the Year

The surplus on continuing operations before joint ventures of £2.696m includes staff severance costs of £497k and a pensions accounting credit of £1.590m. Discounting these results is an underlying surplus from University operations of £1.6m (£2.1m in 2010-11):

	2011-12	2010-11
	2000	0003
Surplus on continuing operations (excluding joint ventures)	2,696	815
add back staff severance costs (excluding joint ventures)	497	2,748
less credit arising from pensions accounting (FRS17)	(1,590)	(1,477)
Underlying Surplus for the year from University operations	1,603	2,086
% of total turnover	1.1%	1.4%

Turnover for the year grew by 4% to stand at £152m, an increase driven by:

Subsidiary Undertakings and Joint Ventures

University Campus Suffolk Ltd (UCS) is a joint venture with the University of East Anglia (UEA) delivering a range of higher education activity. UCS is a company limited by guarantee and an exempt charity with the University exercising joint control with UEA. Total income for the year was \$38.782m, up 4% over the prior year and its surplus of \$1.822m (\$2.3m in 2010-11) represented 5% of turnover. The University has provided loan guarantees of \$8m, with the University of East Anglia underwriting a similar amount to fund capital projects undertaken by UCS. Half of the reported UCS performance for 2011-12 is reflected in these group financial statements.

Income earning activities are located in the Campus Services Section which comprises a company (University of Essex Campus Services Ltd), Student Accommodation and the Sports Centre. The Company operates campus conference, catering, day nursery, printing and laundrette activities which contributed an operating loss of $\pounds65k$ ($\pounds579k$ profit in 2010-11).

Following completion of a £10 million refurbishment programme, Wivenhoe House Hotel officially reopened in September 2012 as a four-star quality hotel which is also the home of the Edge Hotel School, a high-end education facility for the hospitality industry, funded by the Edge Foundation and the University and operated by Kaplan Open Learning. The University has leased the building to a newly created and wholly owned subsidiary company, Wivenhoe House Hotel Ltd, which operates the hotel. The hotel has benefited from generous funding by the Edge Foundation (£5m) and sponsorship by prestigious hotel chains that are interested in recruiting the school's graduates. This is one example of the innovative ways in which the University is looking to provide programmes.

University of Essex Enterprises Ltd (previously Wivenhoe Technology Ltd) is responsible for technology transfer, registering patents and spin-out companies on behalf of the University. The company recorded a pre-tax profit for the year of \$25k (\$92k profit in 2010-11).

Universal Accommodation Group Ltd is a special purpose vehicle acquired by the University in 2003, holding the freehold of University Quays, a 770 bed student accommodation facility. The company charges the University a lease rental for the property and in return the University levies loan charges to the company. The accommodation itself is operated by the University. A pretax profit for the year of \$268k (\$410k profit in 2010-11) was recorded.

The University's Knowledge Gateway project, involving the development of land on the Colchester Campus for a variety of uses, is being developed by two wholly owned subsidiary companies: University of Essex Knowledge Gateway (Holdings) Ltd, which owns the freehold land on the site, and University of Essex Knowledge Gateway Ltd, which will develop commercial tenancies. Knowledge Gateway Ltd has incurred bank fees for a \$1.7m performance bond issued by Lloyds TSB in February 2011 in favour of Essex County Council (ECC) as highway authority. Ninety per cent of the bond is scheduled for release once ECC has confirmed its satisfaction with the infrastructure work and the remainder one year later provided that such work has not been found to be defective.

Capital Investment

The capital investment plan is a five-year plan to address major estates issues and improvements to the IT and management information systems infrastructure. Capital investment in the year amounted to \$19.6m (\$14.1m in 2010-11).

Major projects underway during the year included:

- Knowledge Gateway: Completion of the infrastructure for the Knowledge Gateway site a £7.4m project to create road and service infrastructure to enable new development including services to The Meadows student accommodation. The works have also provided for improved access from the A133, which was created over the summer and autumn of 2011;
- The Forum Southend-on-Sea: A partnership with Southend Borough Council and South Essex College to construct The Forum Southend-on-Sea building which will house a new civic library and academic library for the Council, University and College and enhanced teaching and learning facilities for the University and the College. The Forum Southend-on-Sea will be in close proximity to the University's existing Gateway Building, thus providing a valuable extension to the Southend Campus. Construction began in February 2012 and is scheduled to be complete in August 2013. The total project cost is £26.9m, with the University contributing £10.4m.

Other major capital projects were advanced during the year:

- Student Centre and Library Extension: New £26m facilities that will house a number of student-facing services currently distributed across the Colchester Campus and create a significant extension to the Albert Sloman Library. Planning approval has been obtained and a start will be made on site in January 2013, with completion in late 2014;
- Essex Business School Building: A £21m new building at Colchester to house the Essex Business School, for which planning approval has been secured. The building will be sited adjacent to the Knowledge Gateway site and will benefit from both the completion of the infrastructure and co-location with businesses that will be accommodated on the Knowledge Gateway;
- Multi-decked car park: A £4m three storey car park, creating additional parking spaces and removing the need for temporary car park space across the Colchester Campus. Planning approval was obtained in the early summer and a start made on construction in August 2012, with completion planned for mid-February 2013.

The University has recently completed a transaction with Uliving, a consortium created to deliver new student accommodation facilities on the Colchester Campus which are to be known as The Meadows. Uliving will design, build, operate and finance The Meadows, which will provide an additional 648 rooms for the University, of which 228 will be in townhouses with the remaining 420 being en-suite. In addition, from the 2013-14 academic year, it will take on the operation of University Quays, an existing adjacent block of student accommodation which has 766 en-suite rooms. This transaction represents a substantial investment in campus facilities with operational and financial risks being transferred to Uliving.

Investments, Liquidity and Debt

The investment asset allocation targets are:

	UK	Absolute	Cash
	Equities	Return	
		Funds	
Permanent Endowments	95%	-	5%
Expendable Endowments	75%	20%	5%
General Funds	-	-	100%

At 31 July 2012 £4.4m of general funds were invested in equity investments.

All UK equity investments are held in the Charishare Fund, a common investment fund managed by Blackrock. The investment objective is to outperform the FTSE All Share Index. The Fund returned -4.3% over the year compared to -3.19% by the FTSE All Share Index (to 30 June 2012). Over the last three years the Fund marginally underperformed the benchmark by returning 12.2% per annum compared to the FTSE All Share Index of 13.8% per annum.

Cash was managed conservatively with deposits in the University's clearing bank (LloydsTSB) and in an AAA-rated money market fund. Cash balances increased from \$30.4m to \$30.7m over the year. A target of holding minimum cash balances equating to 25 liquidity days (i.e. the number of days of average expenditure cash balances could support) has been set and at 31 July actual liquidity days amounted to 77 days.

Net cash flow from operating activities was £3.2m (£10.7m in 2010-11).

Total debt outstanding was £91.3m (£76.6m in 2010-11) as at 31 July. The University has drawn £78.2m of its £122m facility with Lloyds Bank. This facility includes a five-year repayment holiday which then terms out over 30 years, commencing in November 2013. A smaller loan facility with Barclays Bank loan had £12.1m outstanding as at 31 July.

The University's interest-rate management policy is to fix the majority of its interest costs. This is achieved through a mixture of fixed-rate loans and interest-rate swaps. Interest-rate swaps commenced which will have the effect of fixing interest costs over future loan drawings with the ultimate objective of fixing 80% of interest costs.

The University was compliant with the banking covenants listed below and is confident of remaining so in the foreseeable future being not less than 12 months from signing these accounts:

Covenant Definition	Bank	Actual
	Requirement	2011-12
Debt servicing costs as a %	<7.0%	3.9%
of turnover		
I&E Reserve	>£50m	£64.0m
(excluding pension liability)		
Ratio of total debt to total funds	<1.0	0.66
(excluding pension liability)		

Pension Schemes

The University operates three pension schemes. The Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS) is open to all new staff while the Essex County Council Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) and the University of Essex Pension Scheme (UEPS) are both closed to new members. USS is a pooled scheme so is accounted for on a defined contribution basis.

On an FRS17 valuation basis, the combined deficits in LGPS and UEPS have increased by \$x.7.037m from \$17.3m to \$24.4m as at 31 July 2012. Funding levels, on an FRS17 basis, are: USS 82% (31 March 2012), LGPS 64% (31 July 2012) and UEPS 74% (31 July 2012).

USS has also undergone a prolonged review of its cost and benefit structure in order to ensure it can remain financially viable. Changes were implemented in October 2011, resulting in existing members of staff paying increased contributions, rising from 6.35% to 7.5%, while new members of staff will join a new career average revalued earnings section and contribute 6.5% of their earnings. The employer's contribution did not change.

During 2010, the University undertook a review of the UEPS pension scheme and proposed a number of changes. This followed the results of its actuarial revaluation which would have led to an increase in the employers contribution rate. The changes were implemented in August 2011 following a statutory consultation period. The employee's contribution rate has increased from 6.0% to 7.0% and the employer's contribution rate has reduced from 21.5% to 19.4%.

The University has agreed funding plans to cover increases in future service cost and past service deficits of its two closed defined benefit pensions schemes.

Sustainability

Sustainability is a core principle of all of the research, teaching and business activities at the University of Essex. Through these activities, we seek a future for Essex as an educational model for healthy and sustainable living. The University aspires to be one of the greenest in the country, and to act as an exemplar both to other institutions of higher education and to regional bodies.

A Green Task Force co-ordinates and implements the University's sustainability policy with membership drawn from staff and students.

A newly-formed Sustainability Strategy Group has been established to oversee the University's Carbon Management Plan, approved by Council on 18 July 2011. The Plan affirms the University's commitment to making a full contribution to tacking the issue of climate change, supporting the efforts of the UK as a whole and higher education sector in particular. The Plan sets out the following University objectives and targets:

Key Performance Indicators

	Objective	Target Date	Status
1.	Carbon Reduction		
	1.1 Reduce absolute Scope 1,2 and 3 greenhouse gas emissions by 43% in CO2e terms by 2020 on a 2005 baseline.	2020	In progress
	A target of 43% to ensure the University is in line with HEFCE sector targets.		
	1.2 Meet an interim target to reduce Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions by 20% by 2015 on a 2005 baseline.	2015	On going
2.	2. Carbon Reporting and Accounting		
	2.1 Instigate annual monitoring and reporting of greenhouse gas emissions in conformity with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol	July 2011	Achieved
	 2.2 Put systems in place to enable the University to collect data on Scope 3 emissions and include these in reporting, including: Waste recycling/recovery and disposal; Water consumption; Transport of staff and students to the University and between sites; 	July 2012	Not achieved
	 Conference and business travel and travel associated with placements and field trips; Procurement. 		
	2.3 Gain Carbon Trust Standard certification	March 2011	Regressed
3.	Operational		
	 3.1 The University Estate will be converted to low carbon buildings by: Ensuring all new buildings are designed to achieve BREEAM Excellent by 2011 	2011	Achieved
	 Ensuring that all refurbishment projects include an assessment of measures to improve energy and carbon efficiency 	2011	Achieved
	 Where practicable and with due regard to the palette of existing materials on campus, all building materials will be sourced from the BRE Green Guide to specifications categories A-C from 2010 	2011	
	3.2 Energy efficiency and whole life cost considerations will form a key part of procurement from 2010. These considerations will particularly apply to ICT and other electrical equipment procurement criteria.	July 2010	Achieved
	3.3 The University has instituted a revolving Green Fund for minor energy efficiency projects. This will be supported and enhanced in the future.	July 2011	Achieved
	3.4 The University will assess onsite renewable and ambient energy options and report on their viability to achieve the carbon reduction milestones.	July 2010	Achieved
	3.5 The use and occupancy of space will be assessed and optimised to ensure the most energy and carbon efficient use of campus space.	2013	Achieved

Future Outlook

2012 saw the first intake of home/EU undergraduates under the new higher education student loan regime. Those cohorts that returned for second, third and fourth years of study continued to be funded under the old regime which was subject to successive cuts from 2009-10 onwards. This extended period of transition from the old and dwindling regime to the new is frequently referred to as "the valley of death". Success in climbing out of the valley will depend upon our ability to attract and retain students.

On 20 September 2012, the University's Clearing and Admissions service reported that acceptances to HEFCE funded institutions by home/EU undergraduates were 52,000 (-15%) lower than at the same time in the cycle in 2011. There was a 15% reduction in acceptances from students who had secured grades at A-level, or equivalent, of AAB or higher. There was no cap on admission of students with these grades. This was matched by a 15% reduction in admissions of other students who did not secure these grades and therefore counted against the HEFCE student number control.

By comparison, the University recruited fairly well (around 9% below) but experienced some shortfall against targets due to the reduction in numbers of students achieving AAB or higher at A-level and a drop in admissions from the wider EU. Much of the reduction in home/EU intake is compensated for by recruitment of international students above target. Nonetheless, the University has revised its budget for 2012-13 to ensure that it remains on a sustainable footing. Importantly, it is making every effort to ensure that the syllabus, student experience and prospects offered more than justify every pound due to be paid by its new graduates when their earnings exceed £21,000 per annum.

It is encouraging that the University's share of a highly constrained pool of funding for research has been maintained. This is an important indicator of research strength as the University looks to repeat its outstanding performance in the 2008 assessment exercise in the Research Excellence Framework 2014.

In accordance with its ambition for its excellence in research to be matched by excellence in the education it provides, the University is progressing with the construction of The Forum building at Southend and advancing projects for a new student centre, library extension and a building to meet the ambitious growth plans of the Essex Business School at Colchester. It is also looking significantly to improve facilities at the East 15 Acting School. A corollary of these ambitions is that borrowing will peak at just over £130m in 2013-14. However, the vast majority of this debt is repayable by equal instalments of principal which have been provided for in the University's financial forecasts. Accordingly, the total exposure to debt will decrease by £4.6m a year with associated reductions in interest payable.

The relationship with Uliving will strengthen the University's finances while ensuring the provision of high-quality residences for its students at reasonable cost. The Meadows will provide additional capacity for the University to continue to fulfil its founding ethos of living and learning.

In July 2012, the University Council received a sustainability plan for the estate. While the original 1960s estate on the Colchester Campus has served the University well for its first 50 years, it is recognised that it, in current form, will not meet the highest standards of carbon efficiency and space utilisation in the next 50. The sustainability plan provides the University with the opportunity to reinvent the vast majority of the built estate in a way that will demonstrate a bold and dynamic institution operating within a coherent and structured plan for its physical assets. It is proposed that twelve phases of work will be spread over the next 30 years with two phases being completed in each five-year Capital Investment Plan period at a cost per period of £24m in today's prices. While the total expenditure is significant, when spread over this timeline it is not an unrealistic proposition. The decanting space necessary for the implementation of the Sustainability Plan will become available once the Essex Business School, the Student Centre and the Library extension projects are completed.

The University is strengthening its management structures in order to ensure success in implementing a rich programme of innovation and development. Looking beyond the changes to the funding of home/EU undergraduate education, global demand for education and research has never been higher and continues to grow. The University is positioning itself to participate to its full potential in the knowledge based economies and societies that are developing at an extraordinary pace.

Risk

The University's Risk Management Group reviews the risk register three times a year and reports to the Audit and Risk Management Committee on strategic, financial and operational risks and force majeure. Plans are in place to implement a new risk management policy that will be fully embedded within the operational units of the University. This is designed to ensure that the University is prepared for the new and highly uncertain environment for UK universities. Focusing on the Top 12 Strategic Risks, the new policy will synchronise with a new strategic plan and key performance indicators.

Public Benefit

The University's Charitable Aims

The University's Royal Charter sets out the objectives which form its charitable purpose "to advance education, scholarship, knowledge and understanding by teaching and research for the benefit of individuals and society at

Members of Council are the trustees of the University and decision making pays due regard to the Charity Commission's guidelines on charitable purpose and public benefit, in particular, The Advancement of Education for the Public Benefit (Charity Commission, December 2008) and Public Benefit and Fee Charging (Charity Commission, December 2008).

The undergraduates and postgraduates who study at Essex are the main public beneficiaries of our work. Others beneficiaries include companies, organisations and charities who employ our graduates, work with our academics on knowledge exchange projects or access our training programmes. The wider public also benefits from the insights provided by our world-leading research in the social sciences, science and engineering, and the humanities. The general public can also access our facilities, courses, talks and events.

Teaching

The University provides public benefit through the teaching of undergraduate and postgraduate students.

Our undergraduate and postgraduate students benefit from studying at a research-intensive university with a commitment to teaching excellence, where they can learn from academics who are at the forefront of their fields and are involved in active research projects.

We aim to provide an outstanding student experience by encouraging the personal development of our students through volunteering, sport, music, the arts and engagement with our Students' Union.

Our approach develops Essex graduates who stand out from the crowd. We believe our graduates benefit society, and the companies and organisations they work for, through their critical thinking, creativity, excellent communication skills and leadership ability.

The total number of students we teach continues to grow with 8,891 undergraduate students and 3,349 postgraduate students at Essex in 2011-12.

The high quality of our teaching is shown by the feedback we have received. In the 2012 National Student Survey, 89 per cent of students expressed overall satisfaction with their undergraduate course, placing us in the top 20 for

mainstream English universities. In the Postgraduate Taught Experience Survey for 2012, 89 per cent said their overall experience had met or exceeded their expectations. The most recent Postgraduate Research Experience Survey, which last took place in 2011, showed 82 per cent of research students felt their overall experience had met or exceeded their expectations.

Our staff are committed to excellence in teaching and 30 academic staff became Fellows of the Higher Education Academy (HEA) this year with eight successfully completing a Postgraduate Certificate in Higher Education Practice.

The high standard of postgraduate training and our position as a centre of international excellence has also led to Essex being selected as a Doctoral Training Centre by the Economic and Social Research Council.

We develop educational provision to meet recognised need. For example, Professional Development Studies has worked in partnership with Essex County Council, Thurrock Council and Southend-on-Sea Borough Council to deliver postgraduate programmes. These courses meet the professional development needs of their social workers. This work has been recognised by national awards including the SWAP Innovation in Learning and Teaching Awards.

We also meet the different study needs of students by working with Kaplan Open Learning to deliver online undergraduate and postgraduate courses through University of Essex Online.

Research

We are one of the leading research-intensive universities in the country and in the last Research Assessment Exercise (RAE, December 2008), we were ranked ninth nationally for the quality of our work.

We have continued to build on this reputation in 2011-12 by taking forward projects which have an impact at a local, national and global level.

Our research feeds directly into the learning experience for our undergraduates and postgraduates. We are committed to knowledge exchange and sharing our research expertise with government bodies, non-governmental organisations and business.

In 2011-12, we attracted research funding totalling £25.5m, the second highest figure ever achieved, which underlines our success in delivering outstanding research which meets the needs of society.

Our academics share their work through publication in a wide range of internationally-recognised journals and they also make a huge range of their work available through the University of Essex Research Repository, an online resource including more than 1,800 academic research papers.

Our research benefits individuals and society by directly engaging with current issues.

Understanding Society the biggest study of its kind in the UK is based at the Institute for Social and Economic Research (ISER). Data from the survey of nearly 40,000 households is available for researchers and the information gathered will greatly enhance public knowledge of what influences our careers; health and well-being, financial circumstances and personal relationships. The study will also capture biomedical data on 20,000 participants and place this alongside rich social histories, helping researchers weigh the extent to which people's environment influences their health.

The UK Data Archive plays a central national role in the secure management of social and economic data to facilitate high quality research. Over the next five years the UK Data Archive will receive £15m of funding from the Economic and Social Research Council to establish the UK Data Service, the new flagship data infrastructure service. The UK Data Service will help ensure the UK social science community continues to produce world-class research.

Research having an impact on society includes the work of researchers at ISER who have discovered breastfeeding has a measurable positive impact on a child's health, cognition and behaviour. They have held briefings with policymakers and are calling on the Government to recognise this fully in future policy development.

Philosophers at the School of Philosophy and Art History are continuing to research the issues surrounding personal autonomy and mental capacity as part of research funded by the Arts and Humanities Research Council (AHRC). They are providing advice and training to frontline professionals, while also influencing policymakers and the interpretation of laws in this area.

The School of Biological Sciences has received grants totalling \$800,000 from the Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council for projects exploring new ways of improving crop yields for both food and fuel. This will help alleviate the pressure on resources. Researchers are also taking part in ABSTRESS the Europe-wide project to speed up the development of drought resistant crops.

Essex is playing a leading role in the Network of Excellence in Internet Science funded by the European Commission. Principal investigator Dr Chris Marsden from the School of Law is leading joint research activities on standard setting and virtual communities. This work will lay the foundations for future technology development and help manage the potential social, economic and environmental impacts.

Gene variation thought to make people more vulnerable to depression and anxiety when times are bad also helps them benefit the most when times are good, according to a study by Professor Elaine Fox from the Department of Psychology. This will help the development of more appropriate therapies.

Awards recognising the high quality of the research and scholarship carried out at Essex received in 2011-12 included:

- Professor Nelson Fernandez from the School of Biological Sciences was awarded the Kiril Bratanov medal by the International Coordination Committee for Immunology of Reproduction for his contribution to the advancement of reproduction immunology.
- Professor Miriam Glucksmann from the Department of Sociology has become the eighth Essex academic to be named as an Academician of the Academy of Social Sciences.
- Professor Emil Kirchner from the Department of Government was awarded a Lifetime Achievement Award by the University Association for Contemporary European Studies (UACES).
- Dr Tom Quinn from the Department of Government won the Political Studies Association's Richard Rose Prize for 2012. The prize is for young scholars who have made a distinctive contribution to the study of politics.
- Professor Paul Whiteley from the Department of Government was elected as a British Academy Fellow for his outstanding contribution to the social sciences.
- Essex PhD student John Wilson from the School of Computer Science and Electronic Engineering won the IET Williams James Award 2011 for research which shows the greatest potential to contribute towards the development and improvement of the biomedical field for his work on advancing brain-computer interface systems for the disabled.

We are committed to the highest ethical and professional standards and have clear procedures in place for the governance of research to ensure the integrity of the work we undertake and protect our research reputation.

Increasing Access

We work to ensure all students with the potential to succeed, no matter what their background, have the opportunity to come to Essex and enjoy the benefits of studying at a university with an international reputation for research and a commitment to teaching excellence.

We admit students solely according to ability without reference to ethnic origin, class, religion, sexuality or any other characteristic. Our Access Agreement with the Office of Fair Access (OFFA) aims to ensure no student is deterred from applying due to financial hardship.

For 2012 entry, we reviewed our financial support packages in partnership with our Students' Union to ensure students identified as having the greatest financial need could come to the University of Essex and benefit from the excellent student experience we provide.

Through the National Scholarship Programme (NSP), 200 first-year students, who met the NSP eligibility criteria and are from low income households with a household income of up to £10,000, could access an accommodation subsidy of £3,000. This supports our aim to help students from under-represented groups to come to Essex no matter where they live and provide local students, regardless of background, with access to the complete student experience.

Our bursary scheme also supports students with a household income of up to \$25,000. If they met the conditions of their offer and made the University their firm choice by the relevant UCAS deadline, they were eligible for a contribution from the University of \$1,500 per year for every year of their undergraduate study.

We also provided scholarships of £2,000 for each year for UK students who achieved academic excellence in their studies. Due to the nature of our intake we anticipated that a significant number of these scholarships would be awarded to students from low income households.

We also have targeted bursary schemes including support for care leavers and those who are facing significant costs in accessing study abroad opportunities.

For the 2013-14, we have reviewed our whole scholarship and bursary programme to provide further targeted support to meet our strategic aims.

We believe widening participation also involves offering the right support to make sure our students succeed and get the most out of their time at Essex.

We are now expanding the support we offer including study skills programmes and the Residents' Support Network. Increasing employability and helping underrepresented groups to get the experience they need to secure graduate-level jobs is being targeted through our frontrunners work placement scheme, our internships programme and our senior student ambassador scheme.

We fund a significant number of outreach activities to target students from low income backgrounds, students from low participation neighbourhoods, mature students, students with disabilities and young people in care. We also support parents, carers, teachers and advisers.

We have expanded the number of outreach activities we undertake and the number of staff in our Outreach team. As a result, in 2011-12 our Outreach team took part in 250 activities involving 143 schools across Essex, Suffolk and London with a total of 12,012 beneficiaries.

This work helps us consistently exceed our HESA (Higher Education Statistical Agency) Widening Participation Performance Indicator benchmarks for students from under-represented groups.

The latest figures available, for 2010-11, show 34.1 per cent of our intake of young full-time first degree students, including partner institutions, were from social classes 4, 5, 6 and 7 and 16.9 per cent were from low participation neighbourhoods. Out of our intake of young full-time first degree students, 95 per cent were from state schools.

The University is also a member of Realising Opportunities (RO), a unique collaboration of twelve research intensive universities working together to promote fair access and social mobility of students from under-represented groups. The programme provides support for students through interventions designed to raise aspirations and enable them to demonstrate their potential for success at a research intensive university. The programme won a Times Higher Education award in 2011.

Knowledge Exchange and Community Engagement

The University is committed to stimulating economic, cultural and social development, and knowledge exchange activity is valued and encouraged.

Our Research and Enterprise Office supports companies to access our expertise, including Knowledge Transfer Partnerships, and co-ordinates a programme of training informed by our research.

Groundbreaking research by Professor Hani Hagras from the School of Computer Science and Electronic Engineering was named as the Best Knowledge Transfer Partnership for London and the South-East region by the Technology Strategy Board, the UK's national innovation agency. The project saw Professor Hagras work with private sector and fellow scientists to develop a patented multi-purpose data analysis and decision support system. The project is being used in a whole range of situations including identifying behavioural tendencies of customers, improving energy efficiency of buildings and offering an early warning system for oil refineries.

We are also helping build the future low-carbon economy through knowledge exchange projects supported by the Low Carbon KEEP (Knowledge – East of England – Partners) scheme. Essex Business School has worked with Fisher Jones Greenwood (FSG) to improve efficiency and with Software in Partnership to promote a web-based carbon efficient Human Resources system.

The Research and Enterprise Office coordinates briefings and discussion forums for regional businesses and organisations to share our expertise on issues directly affecting them. This year events have ranged from the Budget through to the Olympics.

The Business Hub at our Southend Campus is a focus for our services, facilities and training events for the business community and a Business Incubation Centre offers space and support to fledgling businesses.

Our internships programme is offering students and graduates the chance to develop their skills and experience within a particular field, while providing businesses or organisations with the chance to benefit from their knowledge, skills and expertise. Through the scheme many interns have secured long-term jobs and feedback indicates businesses have gained significant economic benefits.

We have started work on a 40-acre research park, known as the Knowledge Gateway, at our Colchester Campus to provide a future regional hub for research and development and business activity in the social sciences and sciences.

We are a key partner for Essex Book Festival, engaging the general public and our students with high-quality events which promote interest in literature and encourage creativity. Our academics took part in a number of events at our campuses and venues across the county as part of the Festival. We also hosted talks by well-known speakers at the University including leading novelist Jodi Picoult and historian Kate Williams.

Our academic departments and centres also offer the wider community the chance to benefit from our research expertise through a huge range of short courses, training and public lectures throughout the year. For example, our Department of History delivers popular evening courses, Essex Business School provides a wide range of training for companies and our School of Health and Human Sciences offers Continuing Professional Development courses to clinicians and health care professionals.

Our academics actively take part in Café Scientifique, a popular series of talks designed to increase informal engagement between the public and researchers at Essex.

Students at Essex are also involved in putting the knowledge they learn on their courses into practice through practical initiatives such as the Essex Law Clinic in our School of Law and the Human Rights Clinic in our Human Rights Centre.

Our three theatres at our Colchester, Loughton and Southend campuses all host numerous public performances including shows featuring our students. This year, students in both East 15 Acting School and the Department of Literature, Film, and Theatre Studies have developed several productions inspired by local history, culture and politics.

Art Exchange, the University gallery, has a year-round programme of events including an annual exhibition curated by students on our *MA Gallery Studies and Critical Curating* course.

The Essex Collection of Art from Latin America (ESCALA), which comprises more than 700 works, also provides resources for academic study and arts education. The University Space at firstsite in Colchester is used for exhibitions featuring ESCALA works with public talks, workshops and performances organised to coincide with shows.

Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance and Accountability Arrangements

The University is a body incorporated by Royal Charter. The University's governing body is Council, which is committed to achieving high standards of corporate governance in line with accepted best practice.

The University Council

Members of Council are the trustees of the University which is an exempt charity. The University's Council comprises ex officio external members, a student member, ex officio appointed employees, and elected employee members. The roles of Chancellor and Pro-Chancellors (including the Chair of Council) are separated from the role of the University's Chief Executive, the Vice-Chancellor.

The Council of the University has adopted a Statement of Primary Responsibilities which is published on the University website. The statement sets out the Council's responsibilities in respect of powers of appointment and employment, financial and legal powers, planning, monitoring, control and student welfare.

The University is fully compliant with the Committee of University Chairman (CUC) Governance Code of Practice issued in March 2009.

The Council met four times during the year. Of its 25 members a majority are external members drawn from outside the University.

The Committees of Council

The Council delegates some business to a number of committees:

- Audit and Risk Management;
- Equality and Diversity;
- Strategy and Resources;
- Health and Safety;
- Nominations; and
- Remuneration.

All of these committees are formally constituted with published terms of reference. With the exception of the Health and Safety Committee, the chair of each committee is an external member of Council. The disclosures in relation to these committees follow those in respect of Council itself.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee comprises solely external members, two of whom are external members of Council, and has no executive responsibility. The Committee has members with recent relevant financial

experience in line with HEFCE guidance. The Audit and Risk Management Committee relies on the work of internal and external audit, on information provided by management and on the response of management to the questions it raises. The Committee met four times in the year.

The responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Management Committee include:

- reporting to Council annually on the effectiveness of the internal control system and the pursuit of value for money, together with an opinion on risk management and data quality;
- advising on the appointment of the internal auditor and approval of the internal audit plan;
- receipt of both an annual report from internal audit, which includes an opinion of the effectiveness of the University's system of internal control, and reports on each assignment including recommendations;
- advising the Council as necessary on the appointment of the external auditors, to receive their reports and review their performance and effectiveness.

Internal Audit is responsible for providing an objective and independent appraisal of all the University's activities. The internal audit work programme is risk-based and is updated to take account of changes in the University's risk profile. Progress made on recommendations by the University is monitored by Internal Audit and reported to the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

In respect of its development, strategic management and financial responsibilities the Council receives recommendations and advice from the Strategy and Resources Committee. The Committee met six times during the year.

The Equality and Diversity Committee seeks to ensure that the equality and diversity policies are fully effective and that the University is in compliance with legislation. The Committee met three times during the year.

The Health and Safety Committee reports to the Council at least annually on health and safety matters including compliance with government legislation and regulations. The Committee met twice during the year.

The Nominations Committee makes recommendations for the appointment or re-appointment of members of Council, its committees and Court. The Committee met three times during the year.

The Remuneration Committee determines the annual remuneration of the most senior staff, including the Vice-Chancellor. Employee members have no involvement in determining their own salaries. The Committee met once during the year.

The University Senate

The Senate is the highest academic authority of the University. It is responsible for the promotion of academic work in both teaching and research, for the regulation of educational arrangements and the maintenance of discipline. It receives quality audit reports from both the Quality Assurance Agency and in-house departmental reviews. Currently it has five representatives on Council each appointed for three years.

A review of the effectiveness of Senate was conducted in 2006 and its recommendations have been implemented. A further review is in progress.

The University Court

The University Court is a formal body established under the Charter and Statutes whose main function is to receive a report from the Vice-Chancellor on the workings of the University, along with receiving the Financial Statements.

Responsibilities of the Council

The Council is responsible for the administration and management of the affairs of the University and is required to present audited financial statements for each financial year.

The Council is responsible for ensuring proper accounting records are kept. These should disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the University and its subsidiary undertakings and enable Financial Statements to be prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education and other relevant accounting standards. Within the terms and conditions of a Financial Memorandum agreed between HEFCE and the Council of the University, the Council, through its designated office holder, is required to prepare Financial Statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the University and its subsidiary undertakings and the surplus or deficit and cash flows for the year.

In the preparation of the Financial Statements, the Council has to ensure that:

- suitable accounting policies are selected and applied consistently;
- judgements and estimates are made that are reasonable and prudent;
- applicable accounting standards have been followed;
- Financial Statements are prepared on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the University will continue in operation.

The Council has taken reasonable steps to:

- ensure that funds from HEFCE are used only for the purposes for which they have been given and in accordance with the Financial Memorandum with HEFCE and any other conditions which HEFCE may from time to time prescribe;
- ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard public funds and funds from other sources;
- safeguard the assets of the University and its subsidiary undertakings and to prevent and detect fraud;
- secure the economical, efficient and effective management of the resources and expenditure of the University and its subsidiary undertakings;
- ensure that processes operate within the University to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks and to review the effectiveness of the system of internal control.

The key elements of the University's system of internal control, which is designed to discharge the responsibilities set out above, include the following:

- clear definitions of the responsibilities of, and authority delegated to, heads of academic departments and administrative sections;
- a short and medium term planning process, supplemented by detailed annual income, expenditure and capital budgets;
- regular reviews of academic performance and financial results involving variance reporting and updates of financial outturns;
- defined and formalised requirements for the approval and control of expenditure, with investment decisions involving capital or revenue expenditure being subject to formal detailed appraisal and review according to appropriate levels set by Council;
- Financial Regulations, including financial controls and procedures, approved by the Audit and Risk Management Committee;
- a professional internal audit team whose annual programme is approved by the Audit and Risk Management Committee;
- a Risk Register which contains weightings (of likelihood and impact) linked to the Strategic Plan which also informs the internal audit planning process.

Any system of internal control or risk management is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives and can only provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The following tables show the attendance of members of the University Council during 2011-12 at Council and its key committees, along with other members of committees who are not trustees or members of Council.

Council Members (Trustees)

Name	Cou	ncil		nd Risk Jement		gy and ources	Nomir	nations	Remur	neration
	Eligible to attend	Actually attended	Eligible	Actually attended	Eligible to attend	Actually	_	Actually attended	Eligible to attend	Actually attended
Mr Nathan Bolton (4)	1	1								
Mr David Boyle	4	4			6	6				
Prof Eamonn Carrabine (5)	4	4								
Dr Pam Cox	4	2			6	6				
David Currie	4	4			6	6	3	3	1	1
Mrs Celia Edey	4	4	4	4						
Ms Dee Evans (1)	1	1			2	1	1	1		
Dr Maria Fasli (6)	4	4								
Mrs Victoria Galeotti	4	4								
Mr Paul Gray	4	3			6	5			1	1
Prof Martin Henson	4	1								
Sir Deian Hopkin (7)	4	4					2	2		
Mr Hentley Ignatius (3)	3	2								
Ms Judith Judd (23)	4	4							1	1
Dr Hanif Lalani (8)	4	3	4	3						
Dr Aulay Mackenzie (2)	1	1								
Dr Laura Mansel-Thomas	4	3	4	3						
Dr Andrew Philips (9)	4	3								
Prof Jules Pretty	4	4			6	5				
Prof Colin Riordan	4	4			6	6	3	3	1	1
Dr Alison Rowlands (10)	4	4								
Ms Maria Stanford (12)	4	2			3	2			1	1
Ms Auriol Stevens	4	4			6	6	3	3		
Mr Phillip Tolhurst	4	4			6	4			1	0
Dr Lisa Wade (11)	4	4								
Dr Marion Wood	4	2								

Other Committee members (who are not trustees of the University)

Name	Cou	ncil		nd Risk Jement		gy and ources	Nomir	nations	Remur	neration
	Eligible to attend	Actually attended	Eligible to attend	Actually attended						
Mr Marc Albano (15)					3	3				
Dr Wayne Campbell (13)					1	1				
Mr Andrew Connolly (15)					2	2				
Mr Peter Giblin			4	3						
Dr John Grote			4	4						
Mr Andrew Keeble (16)					1	1				
Mrs Elizabeth Lloyd			4	1						
Mr Bryn Morris (14)					5	5	3	3	1	1
Mrs Vanessa Potter					6	6				
Prof David Sanders					6	6				
Prof Nigel South					6	6				
Mr Brian Stapleton			4	3						
Mr Riccardo Tazzini			4	4						
Prof Jane Wright					6	6				

Council

- 1) Ms Dee Evans resigned on 28 November 2011
- 2) Dr Aulay Mackenzie resigned on 28 November 2011
- 3) Mr Hentley Ignatius resigned on 21 May 2012
- 4) Mr Nathan Bolton joined on 16 July 2012
- 5) Prof Eamonn Carrabine joined on 28 November 2011
- 6) Dr Maria Fasli joined on 28 November 2011
- 7) Sir Deian Hopkin joined on 28 November 2011
- 8) Dr Hanif Lalani joined on 28 November 2011
- 9) Dr Andrew Philips joined on 28 November 2011
- 10) Dr Alison Rowlands joined on 28 November 2011
- 11) Dr Lisa Wade joined on 28 November 2011

Audit and Risk Management

8) Dr Hanif Lalani joined on 13 October 2011

Strategy and Resources

- 1) Ms Dee Evans resigned on 7 November 2011
- 12) Ms Maria Stanford joined on 23 January 2012
- 13) Dr Wayne Campbell resigned on 10 October 2011
- 14) Mr Bryn Morris joined on 7 November 2011
- 15) Mr Andrew Connolly resigned on 7 November 2011 (Mr Marc Albano covered the role until Mr Andrew Keeble joined)
- 16) Mr Andrew Keeble joined on 18 June 2012

Nominations

- 1) Ms Dee Evans resigned on 7 November 2011
- 7) Sir Deian Hopkin joined on 23 January 2012
- 14) Mr Bryn Morris joined on 7 November 2012

Remunerations

- 14) Mr Bryn Morris joined on 18 June 2012
- 17) Ms Judith Judd joined on 18 June 2012
- 12) Ms Maria Stanford joined on 18 June 2012

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Council of the University of Essex

We have audited the financial statements of the University of Essex for the year ended 31 July 2012 which comprise the Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account, the Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Consolidated and University Balance Sheets, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, and the related notes 1 to 34. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education.

This report is made solely to the governing body in accordance with the financial memorandum effective August 2010. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the governing body those matters we are required to state to it in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the board of governors as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the Governing Body and Auditor

As explained more fully in the Governing Body's Responsibilities Statement, the governing body is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the Financial Statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the University's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the governing body; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on Financial Statements

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's affairs as at 31 July 2012 and of its surplus for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice and the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Higher Education Funding Council for England Audit Code of Practice

In our opinion:

- in all material respects, income from the funding council, grants and income for specific purposes and from other restricted funds administered by the University during the year ended 31 July 2012 have been applied for the purposes for which they were received; and
- in all material respects, income during the year ended 31 July 2012 has been applied in accordance with the University's statutes and, where appropriate, with the financial memorandum, with the funding council.

Matter on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matter where the Higher Education Funding Council for England Audit Code of Practice requires us to report to you if, in our opinion the Statement of Internal Control included as part of the Corporate Governance Statement is inconsistent with our knowledge of the University.

Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor St Albans, UK November 2012

Accounting Policies

Accounting Convention

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of fixed asset investments and endowment asset investments, and in accordance with both the Statement of Recommended Practice - Accounting for Further and Higher Education (SORP) issued in July 2007 and applicable accounting standards and Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis of Consolidation

The Financial Statements comprise the consolidated results of the University of Essex and its subsidiaries and the University's share of the results and reserves of its joint venture companies. These subsidiaries undertake activities which, for legal and commercial reasons, are more appropriately operated through limited companies. Their activities include a hotel, conferences and consultancy services for a wide variety of commercial organisations and individuals, the rental of student residences, the acquisition, protection and licensing of intellectual property from the University and the holding, development and disposal of land or granting of long-leases in relation to the Knowledge Gateway project.

The subsidiary companies transfer all taxable profits to the University through Gift Aid. Joint ventures are consolidated according to the proportionate share the University has in each.

Full details of the activities of the Universities subsidiaries and joint ventures are disclosed in Note 27.

The consolidated Financial Statements do not include those of the University of Essex Students' Union as it is a separate entity with its own governance and reporting arrangements. The grant to the Students' Union is disclosed in Note 8, and the Union's financial results are summarised in Note 28.

Recognition of Income

Income from HEFCE block grants are accounted for in the period to which they relate.

Income from HEFCE revenue grants for specific purposes is included to the extent that expenditure is incurred during the year.

Grants and donations received in respect of expenditure on fixed assets are treated as deferred capital grants and released to the income and expenditure account in line with depreciation, over the useful economic life of the asset.

Fee income is stated gross and credited to the income and expenditure account over the period in which students are studying. Where the amount of the tuition fee is reduced, by a discount for prompt payment, income receivable is shown net of the discount. Bursaries and scholarships are accounted for gross as expenditure and not deducted from income

Recurrent income from grants and contracts, consultancy and other services rendered are recognised to the extent of the completion of the contract or service concerned; any payments received in advance of such performance are recognised on the balance sheet as liabilities.

Income from the sale of goods or services is credited to the income and expenditure account when the goods or services are supplied to the external customers or the terms of the contract have been satisfied.

Any increase in value arising on the revaluation of fixed asset investments is credited to the revaluation reserve via the statement of total recognised gains and losses; a diminution in value is charged to the income and expenditure account as a debit, to the extent that it is not covered by a previous revaluation surplus.

Accounting for Donations and Endowment Funds

Where donations are to be retained for the benefit of the University as specified by the donors, these are accounted for as endowments. There are three categories of endowment:

- Unrestricted permanent endowments the donor has specified that the fund is to be permanently invested to generate an income stream for the general benefit of the University;
- 2) Restricted expendable endowments the donor has specified a particular objective other than the purchase or construction of tangible fixed assets and the University can apply the capital as well as the income to fund the specified objective;
- 3) Restricted permanent endowments the donor has specified that the fund is to be permanently invested to generate an income stream to be applied to a particular objective.

Unrestricted endowments are recognised when the donation has been received or if, before receipt, there is sufficient evidence of certainty that the donation will be received and its value can be measured with sufficient reliability.

Endowments with restrictions are recognised when relevant conditions have been met.

Endowments received to be applied to the cost of a tangible fixed asset (other than land) are shown on the balance sheet as a deferred capital grant. The deferred capital grant is released to the income and expenditure account over the same estimated useful life that is used to determine the depreciation charge associated with the tangible fixed asset except for land.

Endowment and investment income is credited to the income and expenditure account on a receivable basis. Any realised gains or losses from dealing in the related assets are retained within the endowment in the balance sheet.

Increases or decreases in value arising on the revaluation of endowment assets (other than land) i.e. the appreciation or depreciation of endowment assets, or on their disposal, is added to or subtracted from the funds concerned and accounted for through the balance sheet by debiting or crediting the endowment asset, crediting or debiting the endowment fund and is reported in the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

Receipts and Payments made on behalf of others

The University receives and disburses various funds on behalf of funding bodies and these are known as 'agency arrangements'. This includes the payment of HEFCE grant to academic partners, NHS bursaries and Access to Learning Funds. These funds are excluded from the University's income and expenditure account as the University is exposed to minimal risk or enjoys minimal economic benefit related to the transaction. Receipts and disbursements made under agency arrangements are disclosed in Note 30.

Cash Flows and Liquid Resources

Cash flows comprise increases or decreases in cash. Cash includes cash in hand, deposits repayable on demand and overdrafts. Deposits are repayable on demand if they are, in practice, available within 24 hours without penalty. No investments, however liquid, are included in cash.

Liquid resources comprise assets held as a readily disposable store of value. They include term deposits and other investments held as part of the University's treasury management activities. They exclude such assets held as endowment asset investments.

Investments

Fixed asset investments and endowment asset investments are included in the Balance Sheet at market value unless the market value cannot be readily ascertained and the yields are unquantifiable and of a long-term nature, such as 'seedcorn' funds. In such instances, it is considered prudent to charge the cost of the investment to the revenue account

in the year of its acquisition. Increases or decreases in value arising on the revaluation of fixed asset investments are carried to the revaluation reserve. Where a permanent diminution in value of an asset occurs, the excess will be charged to the Income and Expenditure Account to the extent that it is not covered by a revaluation surplus. The profit or loss on the disposal of an asset is accounted for in the year in which the disposal occurs as the difference between the net sale proceeds and the net carrying amount, whether carried at historical cost or valuation.

Investments in equities and gilts are generally treated as fixed asset investments whilst investments in the form of term deposits with banks and other financial institutions are shown as current asset investments.

Current asset investments are included at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

The university uses derivative financial instruments called interest rate swaps to reduce exposure to interest rate movements. Such derivative financial instruments are not held for speculative purposes and relate to actual assets or liabilities or to probable commitments, changing the nature of the interest rate by converting a variable rate to a fixed rate. Interest differentials under these swaps are recognised by adjusting net interest payable over the periods of the contracts. In instances where the derivative financial instrument ceases to be a hedge for an actual asset or liability, then it is marked to market and any resulting profit or loss recognised at that time.

Foreign Currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the year-end rate of exchange. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the determination of income and expenditure for the financial year.

Maintenance of Premises

The University has a five-year rolling maintenance plan which is reviewed on an annual basis. The cost of all maintenance is charged to the Income and Expenditure Account as incurred.

Land and Buildings

Land and buildings are stated at cost. Land is held freehold and is not depreciated as it is considered to have an indefinite useful life. Buildings are generally depreciated over their expected useful lives of 50 years, except for certain minor works for which a 20-year depreciation policy has been adopted.

Where buildings are acquired with the aid of specific grants they are capitalised and depreciated as above. The related grants are treated as deferred capital grants and released to income over the expected useful economic life of the buildings.

Fixed Asset Impairments

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the fixed asset may not be recoverable.

Intangible Assets and Goodwill

Expenditure on assets that do not have physical substance but are identifiable and controlled by the University are capitalised at historical cost when it will bring benefits for more than one financial year, this includes goodwill. Goodwill arose on the acquisition of business from Insearch Ltd when the partnership ended in 2008. However, on the grounds of precedence, the balance of goodwill was written off in 2011-12.

Heritage Assets

The University holds various non-operational assets in the form of a collection of paintings, prints and similar artworks mainly dating from the twentieth century, which were acquired through a combination of donations and purchases. The University does not actively seek to add to the collection, other than through the commissioning of photographic portraits of senior Trustees. It is the University's intention to maintain the collection and no disposals are currently foreseen. The majority of the collection is on public display in the library and a record of the items is held by the University for insurance purposes. These assets are included in the balance sheet at market valuation. Heritage assets are not depreciated.

Equipment

Equipment, including computer hardware and software, costing less than £25,000 per individual item or group of related items which together comprise one operational unit, is written off in the year of acquisition.

Capitalised equipment is stated at cost and depreciated over its expected useful life, as follows:

- motor vehicles and other general equipment between five and ten years dependent upon the expected useful economic life;
- computer equipment three years;

Where equipment is acquired with the aid of grants it is capitalised and depreciated as above. The related grant is treated as a deferred capital grant and released to income over the expected useful life of the equipment.

Equipment acquired for specific research projects is written off in the year of acquisition along with its matching grant.

Depreciation

Where any asset is depreciated, no charge is made to the Income and Expenditure Account in the year of acquisition. However, in the year of disposal a full year charge is made regardless of the timing of the disposal.

No depreciation is charged on assets in the course of construction.

Stocks

The stocks are for general maintenance, catering supplies of food and liquor, computers and computer spares, stationery and consumables. They are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised in the financial statements when the Institution has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is discounted to present value where the time value of money is material. The discount rate used reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and reflects any risks specific to the liability. Contingent liabilities are disclosed by way of a note, when the definition of a provision is not met and includes three scenarios: possible rather than a present obligation; a possible rather than a probable outflow of economic benefits; an inability to measure the economic outflow. Contingent assets are disclosed by way of a note, where there is a possible, rather than present, asset arising from a past event.

Pension Schemes

The University participates in three principal pension schemes for employees. These are the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS) for academic and related staff, the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) and the University of Essex Pension Scheme (UEPS) for other staff. The assets of the schemes are held in separate trustee-administered funds. All three schemes are defined benefit schemes and are contracted out of the State Second Pension (SP2).

Because of the mutual nature of the USS scheme, the University is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis and therefore, as required by FRS 17 "Retirement Benefits", accounts for the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. As a result, the amount charged to the income and expenditure account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

The assets of the LGPS and UEPS are measured using closing market values. LGPS and UEPS liabilities are measured using the projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liability. The increase in the present value of the liabilities of the scheme expected to arise from employee service in the period is charged to the operating surplus. The expected return on the scheme's assets and the increase during the period in the present value of the scheme's liabilities arising from the passage of time, are included in pension finance costs. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

Provision has been made to meet a past service shortfall of members of the Local Government Pension Scheme who took early retirement. The payments made to these members are largely set against this provision.

In addition to the three main schemes the University has volunteered to be a pilot employer for the NEST (National Employment Savings Trust) pension scheme for staff employed under UECS terms and conditions. Being a pilot employer for the new scheme means early adoption of the initiative which does not become statutory until 2014. The schemes will be monitored and regulated by the DWP, The Pensions Regulator and NEST Corporation.

Taxation Status

The University is an exempt charity within the meaning of Schedule 2 of the Charities Act 1993 and as such is a charity within the meaning of Para 1 of Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010. Accordingly, the University is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Sections 478-488 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 (CTA 2010) (formerly enacted in Section 505 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 (ICTA)) or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 to the extent that such income or gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes.

All subsidiary companies are liable to Corporation Tax and Value Added Tax in the same way as any other commercial organisation.

The University's principal activities are exempt from Value Added Tax, but certain ancillary supplies and services are liable to Value Added Tax at various rates. Expenditure includes irrecoverable Value Added Tax charged by suppliers to the University.

Any irrecoverable VAT allocated to tangible fixed assets is included in their cost.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent they are regarded as more likely than not to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Intra-group Transactions

Gains or losses on any intra-group transactions are eliminated in full. Amounts in relation to debts and claims between undertakings included in the consolidation are also eliminated.

Balances between the University and its associates and joint ventures are not eliminated; unsettled normal trading transactions are included as current assets or liabilities. Any gains or losses are included in the carrying amount of assets of either entity; the part relating to the University's share is eliminated.

Joint Venture Entities

The University's share of income and expenditure in joint venture entities is recognised in the University's income and expenditure account in accordance with FRS 9. Similarly the University's share of assets and liabilities in associate entities is recognised in the University's balance sheet in accordance with FRS 9. The gross equity method is used when consolidating joint venture entities.

Operating Leases

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account For the year ended 31 July 2012

		2011-12	2010-11
	Note	£'000	2'000
Income			
Funding council grants	1	33,952	36,333
Tuition fees and educational contracts	2	62,734	56,864
Research grants and contracts	3	25,445	25,493
Other income	4	48,924	45,622
Endowment and investment income	5	440	562
Total income: Group and share of joint ventures	•	171,495	164,874
Less: share of income from joint ventures	4	(19,391)	(18,628)
Total income		152,104	146,246
Expenditure			
Staff costs	7	81,396	79,693
Other operating expenses	8	55,022	55,147
Depreciation and amortisation	8	7,773	6,686
Finance charges	8	5,217	3,905
Total expenditure		149,408	145,431
Surplus on continuing operations after depreciation of tangible fixed assets at cost		2,696	815
Share of profit in joint ventures	27	912	1,162
Surplus for the financial year		3,608	1,977
Transfers (to) endowment funds	20	(7)	(116)
Surplus for the financial year retained within general reserves	6	3,601	1,861

All items of income and expenditure arise from continuing operations.

Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses For the year ended 31 July 2012

	Note	2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000
Surplus on continuing operations after depreciation of assets at cost, disposal of assets and tax		3,608	1,977
Unrealised (losses)/gains on investments	11	(206)	451
(Diminution)/Appreciation of endowment asset investments	20	(204)	424
New endowments	20	308	5
Actuarial losses in respect of pension schemes	26	(9,281)	(2,023)
Total recognised (losses)/gains relating to the year		(5,775)	834
(Decreased)/Increased holding in joint ventures		(56)	188
Total recognised (losses)/gains since last report		(5,832)	1,022
Reconciliation			
Opening reserves and endowments (excluding pension deficit)		68,825	67,257
Opening pension deficit	26	(17,347)	(16,801)
Recognised (losses)/gains relating to the year		(5,832)	1,022
Closing reserves and endowments		45,646	51,478

There is no material difference between the surplus on an historical cost basis and the result for the year.

Balance Sheet

As at 31 July 2012

		Consol	idated	University	
	Note	2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000	2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000
		£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	12	0	1,090	0	1,090
Tangible assets	10	201,746	189,218	171,722	166,369
Investments	11	4,457	4,663	30,956	25,410
Investment in joint ventures Share of gross assets	27	40,378	40,862	0	0
Share of gross liabilities	27	(14,325)	(13,950)	Ö	0
		232,256	220,794	202,678	191,779
Endowment assets	13	5,177	5,066	5,177	5,066
Current assets					
Stocks		427	271	203	186
Debtors - amounts due within one year	14	10,849	8,838	10,286	8,053
Debtors - amounts due after more than one year Investments	14 15	10.003	122 5,058	18,055	18,977 5,058
Cash at bank and in hand	10	10,093 19,871	24,959	10,093 18,004	20,748
Cash at bank and in hand		41,240	39,248	56,641	53,022
Creditors - amounts falling due within one year	16	(27,578)	(31,807)	(25,782)	(30,497)
Creditors - amounts failing due within one year	10	(21,576)	(31,007)	(25,762)	
Net current assets		13,662	7,441	30,859	22,525
Total assets less current liabilities		251,095	234,391	238,714	220,460
Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year	17	(90,425)	(75,641)	(90,364)	(75,641)
Provisions for liabilities	18	(118)	(1,379)	(118)	(1,379)
Total net assets excluding pension liability		160,552	157,371	148,232	143,440
Pension liability	26	(24,492)	(17,347)	(24,054)	(17,347)
	20	· ·		-	
Net assets including pension liability		136,060	140,024	124,178	126,093
	10		00.004		00.004
Deferred capital grants and gifts	19	65,907	62,664	65,907	62,664
Joint venture deferred capital grant reserve	32	24,507	25,882	0	0
Endowments					
Restricted Expendable	20	4,774	4,661	4,774	4,661
Restricted Permanent	20	403	405	403	405
		5,177	5,066	5,177	5,066
Reserves Income and expenditure account excluding pension reserve	22	63,994	62,586	76,181	74,537
Pension reserve	26	(24,492)	(17,347)	(24,054)	(17,347)
Income and expenditure account including pension reserve	22	39,502	45,239	52,127	57,190
Revaluation reserve	21	967	1,173	967	1,173
		40,468	46,412	53,094	58,363
Total Funds		136,060	140,024	124,178	126,093
		,	,	,	7

 $The \ Financial \ Statements \ on \ pages \ 25 \ to \ 49 \ were \ approved \ by \ the \ Council \ of \ the \ University \ on \ 26 \ November \ 2012 \ and \ signed \ by:$

PROFESSOR A. FORSTER Vice-Chancellor

D. CURRIE Chair of Council **A. KEEBLE**Director of Finance

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended 31 July 2012

Returns on investment and servicing of finance 190 230 Income from endowment asset investments 190 230 Income from investments 250 333 Interest payable (4,487) (2,943) Capital expenditure and financial investment **** **** Purchase of langible fixed assets (note 10) (19,006) (14,110) New endowments received 308 5 Endowment funds invested 0 (200) Deferred capital grants received (13,120) (8,859) Cash outflow before management of liquid resources (14,415) (1,136) Management of liquid resources (5,035) (58) Increase in short term investments (5,035) (58) Cash outflow before management of liquid resources (5,035) (58) Financing (5,035) (58) Locrease) In the year (950) (950) New loans received 15,627 9,066 Charries in cash in the year 25 (4,773) 6,923 Cash inflow/coutflow) from management of liquid resources </th <th></th> <th>Note</th> <th>2011-12 £'000</th> <th>2010-11 £'000</th>		Note	2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000
Income from endowment asset investments 190 230 332 Income from investments 4,897 3,5050 (4,457) 3,2050 (4,457) 3,2050 (4,457) 3,2050 (4,457) 3,2050 (4,457) 3,2050 (4,457) 3,2050 (4,457) 3,2050 (4,457) 3,2050 (4,457) 3,2050 (4,457) 3,2050 (4,4110) 3,2050 3,	Net cash inflow from operating activities	24	3,162	10,664
Income from investments 250 332 Interest payable (4,897) (3,505) Capital expenditure and financial investment (4,457) (2,943) Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets (note 10) (19,606) (14,110) New endowments received 308 8 Endowment funds invested 0 (2000) Deferred capital grants received 6,178 5,446 Operered capital grants received (13,120) (8,859) Cash outflow before management of liquid resources (14,415) (1,138) Management of liquid resources (5,035) (36) Increase in short term investments (5,035) (36) Financing (5,035) (36) Loan repayment in the year (950) (950) New loans received 15,627 9,065 New loans received (4,773) 6,923 Cecrease) / Increase in cash in the year 25 (4,773) 6,923 Cash inflow/(outflow) from management of liquid resources 5,035 56<	Returns on investment and servicing of finance			
Interest payable (4,897) (3,505) Capital expenditure and financial investment Tegrate and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets (note 10) (19,606) (14,110) New endowments received 308 5 Endowment funds invested 0 (2000) Deferred capital grants received 6,178 5,446 Cash outflow before management of liquid resources (13,120) (8,859) Cash outflow before management of liquid resources (5,035) (58) Increase in short term investments (5,035) (58) Increase in short term investments (5,035) (58) Financing (950) (950) (950) New loans received 15,627 9,066 9,066 New loans received 14,677 8,118 (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year 25 (4,773) 6,923 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt 5,035 58 Net loans received in year 25 (4,773) 6,923 Cash inflow/fourtilow) from management of liquid resources 5,	Income from endowment asset investments		190	230
Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets (note 10) (19,606) (14,110) New endowments received 308 5 Endowment funds invested 0 (20) Deferred capital grants received 6,178 5,446 Cash outflow before management of liquid resources (14,415) (1,332) Cash outflow before management of liquid resources (5,035) (58) Increase in short term investments (5,035) (58) Financing (950) (950) Loan repayment in the year (950) (950) New loans received 11,627 9,068 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt (4,773) 6,923 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt (5,035) 5 (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year 25 (4,773) 6,923 Cash inflow/(outflow) from management of liquid resources 5,035 58 Net loans received in year (14,677) (8,119) Increase in net debt in the period (14,415) (1,138)	Income from investments		250	332
Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets (note 10) (19,606) (14,110) New endowments received 308 5 Endowment funds invested 0 (200) Deferred capital grants received (13,120) (8,859) Cash outflow before management of liquid resources (14,415) (1,138) Management of liquid resources (5,035) (58) Increase in short term investments (5,035) (58) Financing (5,035) (58) Plant repayment in the year (950) (950) New loans received 15,627 9,068 New loans received 14,677 8,119 (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year (4,773) 6,923 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt (14,677) (8,119) Increase in net debt in the period (14,415) (1,38) Net debt at 1 August 2011 (46,306) (45,168)	Interest payable		(4,897)	(3,505)
Purchase of tangible fixed assets (note 10) (19,606) (14,110) New endowments received 308 5 Endowment funds invested 6,178 5,446 Cash outflow before management of liquid resources (13,120) (8,859) Cash outflow before management of liquid resources (14,415) (1,138) Increase in short term investments (5,035) (68) Financing (950) (950) Loan repayment in the year (950) (950) New loans received 15,627 9,066 (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year (4,773) 6,923 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt 5,035 5,65 Net loans received in year 25 (4,773) 6,923 Cash inflow/(outflow) from management of liquid resources 5,035 5,65 Net loans received in year (14,677) (8,119) Increase in net debt in the period (14,415) (1,138) Net debt at 1 August 2011 (45,168) (45,168)			(4,457)	(2,943)
New endowments received 308 5 Endowment funds invested 0 (200) Deferred capital grants received 6,178 5,446 Cash outflow before management of liquid resources (13,120) (8,859) Cash outflow before management of liquid resources (5,035) (58) Increase in short term investments (5,035) (58) Financing (950) (950) New loans received 15,627 9,060 New loans received 14,677 8,119 (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year (4,773) 6,923 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt 5,035 58 (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year 25 (4,773) 6,923 Cash inflow/(outflow) from management of liquid resources 5,035 58 Net loans received in year (14,677) (8,119) Increase in net debt in the period (14,415) (1,138) Net debt at 1 August 2011 (45,306) (45,168)				
Endowment funds invested 0 (200) Deferred capital grants received 6,178 5,446 Cash outflow before management of liquid resources (13,120) (8,859) Management of liquid resources (5,035) (58) Increase in short term investments (5,035) (58) Financing (5,035) (58) Loan repayment in the year (950) (950) New loans received 15,627 9,069 New loans received 4,773) 6,923 Reconciliation of net cash in the year (4,773) 6,923 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt 5,035 5 Net loans received in year 25 (4,773) 6,923 Cash inflow/(outflow) from management of liquid resources 5,035 5 Net loans received in year (14,677) (11,97) Increase in net debt in the period (14,415) (1,138) Net debt at 1 August 2011 (46,306) (45,168)			(19,606)	(14,110)
Deferred capital grants received 6,178 5,446			308	5
Cash outflow before management of liquid resources (13,120) (8,859) Management of liquid resources (5,035) (58) Increase in short term investments (5,035) (58) Financing (950) (950) Loan repayment in the year (950) (950) New loans received 15,627 9,068 14,677 8,119 (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year (4,773) 6,923 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year 25 (4,773) 6,923 Cash inflow/(outflow) from management of liquid resources 5,035 58 Net loans received in year (14,677) (8,119) Increase in net debt in the period (14,415) (1,138) Net debt at 1 August 2011 (46,306) (45,168)			0	(200)
Cash outflow before management of liquid resources (14,415) (1,138) Management of liquid resources (5,035) (58) Increase in short term investments (5,035) (58) Financing (950) (950) Loan repayment in the year (950) (950) New loans received 15,627 9,060 14,677 8,119 (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year (4,773) 6,923 Reconcilitation of net cash flow to movement in net debt 5,035 58 Net loans received in year 25 (4,773) 6,923 Net loans received in year 14,677) (8,119) Increase in net debt in the period (14,415) (1,138) Net debt at 1 August 2011 (46,306) (45,168)	Deferred capital grants received			,
Management of liquid resources Increase in short term investments (5,035) (58) Financing Loan repayment in the year (950) (950) New loans received 15,627 9,068 14,677 8,119 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year 25 (4,773) 6,923 Cash inflow/(outflow) from management of liquid resources 5,035 58 Net loans received in year (14,677) (8,119) Increase in net debt in the period (14,415) (1,138) Net debt at 1 August 2011 (46,306) (45,168)			(13,120)	(8,859)
Increase in short term investments (5,035) (58) Financing Loan repayment in the year (950) (950) New loans received 15,627 9,060 (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year (4,773) 6,923 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year 25 (4,773) 6,923 Cash inflow/(outflow) from management of liquid resources 5,035 58 Net loans received in year (14,677) (8,119) Increase in net debt in the period (14,415) (1,138) Net debt at 1 August 2011 (46,306) (45,168)	Cash outflow before management of liquid resources		(14,415)	(1,138)
(5,035) (58)	Management of liquid resources			
Coan repayment in the year (950) (950)	Increase in short term investments		(5,035)	(58)
Loan repayment in the year (950) (950) New loans received 15,627 9,068 (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year (4,773) 6,923 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year 25 (4,773) 6,923 Cash inflow/(outflow) from management of liquid resources 5,035 58 Net loans received in year (14,677) (8,119) Increase in net debt in the period (14,415) (1,138) Net debt at 1 August 2011 (46,306) (45,168)			(5,035)	(58)
New loans received 15,627 9,069 14,677 8,119 (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year (4,773) 6,923 Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year 25 (4,773) 6,923 Cash inflow/(outflow) from management of liquid resources 5,035 58 Net loans received in year (14,677) (8,119) Increase in net debt in the period (14,415) (1,138) Net debt at 1 August 2011 (46,306) (45,168)				
14,677 8,119			(950)	(950)
(Decrease) / Increase in cash in the year (Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt (Decrease) / Increase in cash in the year (Decrease) / Increase in cash in the year (Cash inflow/(outflow) from management of liquid resources Net loans received in year (14,677) (14,415) (1,138) Net debt at 1 August 2011 (46,306) (45,168)	New loans received		15,627	9,069
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt (Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year Cash inflow/(outflow) from management of liquid resources Net loans received in year Increase in net debt in the period (14,415) (1,138) Net debt at 1 August 2011 (46,306) (45,168)			14,677	8,119
(Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year 25 (4,773) 6,923 Cash inflow/(outflow) from management of liquid resources 5,035 58 Net loans received in year (14,677) (8,119) Increase in net debt in the period (14,415) (1,138) Net debt at 1 August 2011 (46,306) (45,168)	(Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year		(4,773)	6,923
Cash inflow/(outflow) from management of liquid resources Net loans received in year (14,677) (8,119) Increase in net debt in the period (14,415) (14,306) (45,168)	Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt			
Cash inflow/(outflow) from management of liquid resources Net loans received in year (14,677) (8,119) Increase in net debt in the period (14,415) (14,306) (45,168)	(Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year	25	(4,773)	6,923
Net loans received in year (14,677) (8,119) Increase in net debt in the period (14,415) (1,138) Net debt at 1 August 2011 (46,306) (45,168)			5,035	58
Net debt at 1 August 2011 (45,168)			(14,677)	(8,119)
	Increase in net debt in the period		(14,415)	(1,138)
Net debt at 31 July 2012 25 (60.721) (46.306)	Net debt at 1 August 2011		(46,306)	(45,168)
	Net debt at 31 July 2012	25	(60,721)	(46,306)

For the year ended 31 July 2012

		2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000
		2 000	2000
1 Funding Council grants			
Recurrent - teaching grant		21,412	22,106
Recurrent - research grant		9,045	9,302
Specific grants		1,174	2,905
	sed in year - buildings (note 19)	1,236	1,121
Deterred capital grants releas	sed in year - equipment (note 19)	1,085	899
		33,952	36,333
2 Tuition fees and educations	al contracts		
Full-time HE tuition fees			
UK and EU students charg		24,328	22,192
Students charged overseas	fees	27,465	25,610
Part-time credit-bearing fees		982	922
Non-credit-bearing tuition fee	s.s	3,146	1,822
NHS contracts		6,748	6,263
Research training support gra	ints	65	55
		62,734	56,864
3 Research grants and contra	acts		
Research councils		18,118	19,767
UK-based charities		822	884
UK central government, local	authorities and health authorities	1,044	803
UK industry, commerce and p		418	364
European Union government		3,607	2,862
Other overseas		1,427	768
Other sources		9	20
Deferred capital grants (non-	runding council) released in year - equipment (note 19)	0	25
Deferred capital grants (non-	funding council) released in year - equipment (note 19)	0 25,445	
Deferred capital grants (non-tage) 4 Other income	funding council) released in year - equipment (note 19)		
	funding council) released in year - equipment (note 19)		
4 Other income			25,493
4 Other income Other services rendered:		25,445	25,493 1,935
4 Other income Other services rendered: Income from academic par		25,445 1,871	25,493 1,935 427
4 Other income Other services rendered: Income from academic par Other sources Commercial services income		25,445 1,871 442	25,493 1,935 427 19,010
4 Other income Other services rendered: Income from academic par Other sources Commercial services income	tnerships	25,445 1,871 442 21,039 614	25,493 1,935 427 19,010 614
4 Other income Other services rendered: Income from academic par Other sources Commercial services income Deferred capital grants (non-	tnerships	25,445 1,871 442 21,039 614 656	25,493 1,935 427 19,010 614 771
4 Other income Other services rendered: Income from academic par Other sources Commercial services income Deferred capital grants (non-frental income	tnerships	25,445 1,871 442 21,039 614	25,493 1,935 427 19,010 614 771 4,237 18,628

For the year ended 31 July 2012

	2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000
5 Endowment and investment income		
Income from fixed asset investments	180	166
Income from expendable endowments (note 20)	175	217
Income from permanent endowments (note 20)	15	13
Income from short term investments	70	166
	440	562
6 Surplus for the year		
The surplus on continuing operations for the year is made	•	255
University's surplus for the year	3,234 sferred to the University under gift aid 208	507
Surplus generated by subsidiary undertakings and tran		
Profits generated by subsidiary undertakings and joint		1,099
	3,601	1,861
7 Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	63,393	62,566
Social security costs	5,065	4,873
Other pension costs	12,938	12,254
	81,396	79,693
Aggregate emoluments of the Vice-Chancellor for year to	31 July 212	182

The emoluments of the Vice-Chancellor are shown on the same basis as for higher paid staff. The University's pension contributions to USS are paid at the same rate as for other employees and for the Vice-Chancellor these amounted to \$36,640 (2010-11: \$31,840).

Compensation for loss of office paid to senior members of staff for 2011-12 was £0k (2010-11: £90k)

Other pension costs include pension contributions made by the University on behalf of employees who have elected to reduce their wages and salaries when the University introduced its Pensions Plus scheme in April 2009.

	Number of Staff 2011-12	
Remuneration of higher paid staff, excluding employer's pension contributions:	2011-12	2010-11
£100,000-£109,999	1	5
£110,000-£119,999	5	1
£120,000-£129,999	1	3
£130,000-£139,999	1	0
	8	9

The average monthly number of staff (including senior post-holders) employed by the University and its subsidiaries during the year, expressed as full-time equivalents by grade, was:

Academic staff	625	602
Research staff	102	113
Senior support staff	388	368
Other support staff	373	348
General support staff	392	405
	1,880	1,836

For the year ended 31 July 2012

						2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000
8	Other operating expenses						
	Auditor fees Books and periodicals Early retirements and severances Equipment and consumables					192 2,361 497 4,940	116 2,074 2,748 4,524
	Food and Drink Gas, water and electricity Grants to Students' Union					1,118 3,370 1,070	1,152 3,301 1,114
	Insurance Long-term maintenance programme Minor works					579 4,084 389	607 3,794 468
	Other expenses Postage and telephones Printing and stationery					11,022 796 1,286	11,337 908 1,372
	Professional and consultancy fees Rates and rental of premises Repairs and routine maintenance of estates Research survey fieldwork					3,530 2,344 2,732 8,396	2,771 590 2,658 9,119
	Scholarships (fee waivers and bursaries) Travel and subsistence					4,292 2,024	4,166 2,328
_						55,022	55,147
	Auditors fees include: Fees payable for audit of the University and its so Non audit services	ubsidiary companio	es			67 125 192	62 64 126
_	2010-11 non audit services include £10k charged Depreciation and amortisation The depreciation and amortisation charge is represedered capital grants released (Note 19) General income		oroject for accoun	tancy advice to be cha	rged against a future	2,935 4,838 7,773	2,659 4,027 6,686
	Finance charges Bank Interest payable Net charge on pension scheme (FRS17)					4,897 320	3,505 400
	Net charge on pension scheme (FROTT)					5,217	3,905
9	Analysis of total expenditure by activity	Staff costs £'000	Other operating expenses £'000	Depreciation and Amortisation £'000	Interest paid £'000	2011-12 Total £'000	2010-11 Total £'000
	Academic departments and centres Academic services Research grants and contracts	43,519 6,467 8,702	7,177 4,914 12,523	0 0 12	0 0 0	50,696 11,381 21,237	50,779 11,976 21,249
	Commercial Services Premises Administration and central services	5,832 4,524 7,942	7,682 7,801 3,827	2,237 4,375 0	3,080 0 149	18,831 16,700 11,918	16,901 16,958 10,974
	Other services rendered General educational services Student and staff facilities Early retirements and severances	316 1,452 2,068 0	86 4,019 4,269 497	12 0 40 0	0 0 54 0	414 5,471 6,431 497	1,045 5,339 5,771 2,748
	Other expenses Total per income and expenditure account	574 81,396	2,227 55,022	1,097 7,773	1,934 5,217	5,832 149,408	1,691 145,431

Trustees

No trustee has received any remuneration/waived payments from the group during the year. Ten trustees are also employees of the University but received no additional payment for acting as trustees.

The total expenses paid to or on behalf of 25 trustees was £nil (2011 - £nil to 25 trustees).

For the year ended 31 July 2012

10 Tangible fixed assets

		Univer	sity		Companies			Companies Consol	Companies Consolidated		
	Land and	Equipment	Assets in	Total	Land and	Equipment	Assets in	Total			
	Buildings		course of		Buildings		course of				
			construction				construction				
	£'000	£'000	£'000	€'000	£'000	£'000	€'000	£'000			
Cost											
At 1 August 2011	185,184	13,732	5,659	204,575	24,699	234	1,628	231,136			
Additions	5,278	2,454	4,201	11,933	1,061	1,098	5,514	19,606			
Transfers	8,460	562	(9,022)	0	0	0	0	0			
Disposal	(395)	0	0	(395)	0	0	0	(395)			
At 31 July 2012	198,527	16,748	838	216,113	25,760	1,332	7,142	250,347			
Depreciation											
At 1 August 2011	32,095	6,111	0	38,206	3,704	8	0	41,918			
Charge for year	4,355	2,225	0	6,580	486	12	0	7,078			
Impairment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Disposal	(395)	0	0	(395)	0	0	0	(395)			
At 31 July 2012	36,055	8,336	0	44,391	4,190	20	0	48,601			
Net book value											
At 31 July 2012	162,472	8,412	838	171,722	21,570	1,312	7,142	201,746			
At 31 July 2011	153,089	7,621	5,659	166,369	20,995	226	1,628	189,218			

University Land and Buildings include \$5.226m (2010-11:\$5.089m) in respect of freehold land which is not depreciated and leasehold properties with a net book value of \$2.079m (2010-11: \$2.132m).

Additions to University land and buildings in the year includes for assets in the course of construction and for which no depreciation charge has been made. Land, buildings and equipment with a net book value of \$77.368m (2010-11: \$69.228m) have been funded by capital grants of \$38.263m and other gifts and donations of \$27.644m.

The University Equipment includes assets valued at £798k for works of art deemed to be heritage assets and which were capitalised in 2009-10. The University's external valuer (Lyon & Turnbull) carried out a full valuation of the collection at 18 February 2010. The values were established on the basis of the valuer's assessment of the likely replacement cost at suitable specialist retail outlets, having given consideration to quality and condition for a similar item.

11 Investments	Consol	Consolidated		University	
	2011-12	2010-11	2011-12	2010-11	
	£'000	\$,000	£'000	\$'000	
At 1 August	4,663	6,237	25,410	22,200	
(Disposals)/Additions	0	(2,025)	5,752	2,759	
Revaluations (debited)/credited to the revaluation reserve	(206)	451	(206)	451	
At 31 July	4,457	4,663	30,956	25,410	
Comprising:					
Equities	4,410	4,616	4,410	4,616	
Subsidiary companies:					
University of Essex Knowledge Gateway Holdings Ltd	0	0	12,491	12,391	
Universal Accommodation Group Ltd	0	0	2,892	2,892	
University of Essex Campus Services Ltd	0	0	1,251	999	
Wivenhoe House Hotel Ltd	0	0	9,865	4,465	
Other investments	47	47	47	47	
	4,457	4,663	30,956	25,410	

Land designated for the development of the Knowledge Gateway is held by the University of Essex Knowledge Gateway Holdings Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary. Details of investments in all subsidiary undertakings are included in note 27. University of Essex Campus Services changed its name from University of Essex Commercial Services Ltd in August 2012.

For the year ended 31 July 2012

12 Intangible assets	Consolidated	and University
	2011-12	2010-11
Cost	£'000	\$'000
At 1 August and 31 July	1,498	1,498
Amortisation		
At 1 August	408	272
Charge for the year	136	136
Impairment	954	0
At 31 July	1,498	408
Net book value		
At 31 July	0	1,090

On 31 October 2008, the University ended its partnership with Insearch Ltd. The intangible asset represents the discounted value of the goodwill arising from acquisition of the business from Insearch Ltd and has been written off in 2011-12.

13 Endowment assets

	Consolidated		Unive	ersity
	2011-12	2010-11	2011-12	2010-11
	£'000	\$'000	£'000	\$'000
Balance at 1 August	5,066	4,521	5,066	4,521
New endowments invested	0	200	0	200
(Decrease)/Increase in market value of investments	(204)	424	(204)	424
Increase/(Decrease) in cash balances held for	315	(79)	315	(79)
endowment funds				
At 31 July	5,177	5,066	5,177	5,066
Represented by:				
Absolute return funds	858	892	858	892
Equities	3,629	3,799	3,629	3,799
Cash at bank held for endowment funds	690	375	690	375
Total endowment assets at market value	5,177	5,066	5,177	5,066

14 Debtors

	Consolidated		University	
	2011-12	2010-11	2011-12	2010-11
	£'000	\$'000	£'000	000;2
Trade debtors	1,170	2,305	731	1,475
Student fees	1,221	829	1,221	829
Research debtors	4,959	2,294	4,959	2,294
Prepayments and accrued income	3,499	3,410	3,038	3,410
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings	0	0	337	45
Total amounts falling due within one year	10,849	8,838	10,286	8,053
Amounts falling due after one year	0	122	18,055	18,977
	10,849	8,960	28,341	27,030

On acquisition of Universal Accommodation Group Ltd in 2004, the University loaned the company £21.779m in order for the company to repay its debt. During 2009, the repayment terms were re-negotiated with the University to achieve a repayment profile in line with funding projections for the company. Under this agreement, the loan will be fully repaid by 2024.

For the year ended 31 July 2012

15 Investments	Consc	University		
	2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000	2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000
Fixed deposits maturing: In one year or less Disposal of investments	10,000	0	10,000	0
Over one year	0	0	0	0
·	10,000	0	10,000	0
Other Investments	93	5,058	93	5,058
	10,093	5,058	10,093	5,058

Fixed deposits are held with banks and building societies operating in the London market and licensed by the Financial Services Authority with more that 24 hours maturity at the balance sheet date. The Interest rate for these deposits are fixed for the duration of the deposit at the time of placement.

At 31 July 2012 the weighted average interest rate of these fixed rate deposits was 3% per annum and the remaining weighted average period for which the interest rate is fixed on these deposits was 326 days. The fair value of these deposits was not materially different from the book value.

16 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	Consc	University		
	2011-12	2010-11	2011-12	2010-11
	£'000	\$'000	£'000	2,000
Secured loans	950	950	950	950
Payments received in advance	9,327	11,396	9,327	11,396
Research grants received on account	4,833	7,749	4,833	7,749
Trade creditors	3,322	5,289	2,657	4,636
Other creditors including taxation and social security	1,599	1,600	1,599	1,600
Accruals and deferred income	7,547	4,823	6,416	4,166
	27,578	31,807	25,782	30,497

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	Conso	olidated	University		
	2011-12	2010-11	2011-12	2010-11	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Loans secured on freehold property:					
repayable between one and two years	950	950	950	950	
repayable between two and five years	10,644	7,095	10,644	7,095	
repayable after five years	77,832	66,546	77,832	66,546	
	89,426	74,591	89,426	74,591	
Other creditors:					
repayable between one and two years	150	150	150	150	
repayable between two and five years	450	450	450	450	
repayable after five years	399	450	338	450	
	999	1,050	938	1,050	
Total	90.425	75.641	90.364	75.641	

Other creditors includes amounts owing to Insearch Ltd. In October 2008, the University terminated its partnership arrangement with Insearch Ltd and a termination payment of £1.8m is payable in instalments between 2008 and 2019. The initial net discounted financial liability amounted to £1.25m using a discount rate of 4.31%.

During 2008-09, the University received £0.16m from HEFCE through the SALIX initiative as start-up funding to finance energy conservation and efficiency within the University. This will be non-repayable provided that the University is able to demonstrate that appropriate progress has been made.

In late 2008, the University secured additional loan facilities of £100m from Lloyds TSB to finance a new capital investment programme. As at 31 July 2012, the University had drawn down £56m (2011: £40m). The revolving facility extends to 2013, at which time the loan will term for 30 years. At the same time, the University re-financed an existing loan of £22m with Lloyds TSB. For both loans, a five-year repayment holiday has been negotiated.

The University also has a bank loan with Barclays Bank (£12m at 31 July 2012) repayable in equal instalments to March 2025.

The University's interest-rate management policy is to fix a significant proportion of its interest costs. This is achieved through a mixture of fixed-rate loans and interest rate swaps. As at 31 July 2012, 98% of total debt was managed in this way.

For the year ended 31 July 2012

18 Provisions for liabilities and charges

		Consolidated and University Early			
	Severances	retirement	Total		
	€'000	£'000	£'000		
At 1 August 2011	1,330	49	1,379		
Utilised in year	(1,397)	(48)	(1,445)		
Charge for the year	184	0	184		
At 31 July 2012	117	1	118		

The Severances provision exists to meet the costs of employees who have agreed to take early retirement or voluntary severance under the University's restructuring scheme.

The early retirement provision has been set up to meet enhanced unfunded pension benefits for former staff who are members of the Local Government Pension Scheme.

19 Deferred capital grants and gifts

	Consolidated and University		
	Funding	Other	Total
	Council	grants	
	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1 August 2011			
Buildings	35,494	24,098	59,592
Equipment	3,072	0	3,072
	38,566	24,098	62,664
Cash received			
Buildings	1,372	4,160	5,532
Equipment	646	0	646
	2,018	4,160	6,178
Released to income and expenditure account (notes 1, 3 and 4):			
Buildings	(1,236)	(614)	(1,850)
Equipment	(1,085)	0	(1,085)
	(2,321)	(614)	(2,935)
At 31 July 2012			
Buildings	35,630	27,644	63,274
Equipment	2,633	0	2,633
	38,263	27,644	65,907

Grants received in the year included £2.018m from HEFCE for both building costs and equipment. In addition The Edge Foundation gave £2.220m for the development of a hotel school at Wivenhoe House and £1.940m was received from ESRC for the Provision of a Data Centre.

Grants released to the income and expenditure account are to fund depreciation charges as shown in note 9.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 July 2012

20 Endowments and Linked Charities

	Consolidated and University					
	Total	Additions	Change in			
		and	Market			Tota
	2010-11	transfers	Value	Income	Expenditure	2011-1
	0003	2000	000£	£000	£000	£000
Restricted permanent endowment funds	405	2	(17)	15	(2)	40:
Restricted expendable endowment funds	4,661	306	(187)	175	(181)	4,774
·	5,066	308	(204)	190	(183)	5,17
Linked charities	977	0	0	18,968	(18,480)	1,46
	6,043	308	(204)	19,158	(18,663)	6,642
Funds and charities with income below £100,000:						
Fellowships and scholarships	910	13	(35)	51	(47)	892
Prize funds	282	6	(11)	10	(7)	280
Chairs and lectureships	125	0	(5)	4	(35)	89
Other	1,530	0	(61)	51	(26)	1,494
Funds and charities with income over £100,000:						
University Campus Suffolk	977	0	0	18,968	(18,480)	1,46
John Silberrad Trust Fund	2,219	289	(92)	74	(68)	2,422
	6,043	308	(204)	19,158	(18,663)	6,642
			2010-11	Restricted	Restricted	2011-12
			Total	Expendable	Permanent	Tota
Represented by:			\$'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Endowment capital			4,980	4,703	381	5,084
Accumulated income			86	71	22	93
			5,066	4,774	403	5,177

21 Revaluation Reserve	Consolidated		University	
	2011-12	2010-11	2011-12	2010-11
	£'000	\$:000	£'000	2'000
At 1 August	1,173	722	1,173	722
Revaluations in the year	(206)	451	(206)	451
At 31 July	967	1,173	967	1,173

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 July 2012

		reserves

	Cons	solidated	University	
	2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000	2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000
At 1 August	45,239	45,213	57,190	58,958
Surplus for the year	3,601	1,861	3,234	255
(Decrease)/Increase in net assets from joint ventures	(57)	188	0	0
Actuarial (loss) in respect of pension schemes	(9,281)	(2,023)	(8,297)	(2,023)
At 31 July	39,502	45,239	52,127	57,190
Balance represented by:				
Pension reserve	(24,492)	(17,347)	(24,054)	(17,347)
Income and expenditure account excluding pension reserve	63,994	62,586	76,181	74,537
At 31 July	39,502	45,239	52,127	57,190

23 Capital commitments	Cons	olidated	Univ	ersity
	2011-12	2010-11	2011-12	2010-11
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Provision has not been made for the following capital commitments at 31 July 2012:				
Commitments contracted for:	15,256	12,235	13,935	5,639
Authorised but not contracted for:	47,138	53,615	47,138	53,115
	62,394	65,850	61,073	58,754

24 Reconciliation of consolidated operating surplus to net cash inflow from operating activities

	Consc	lidated
	2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000
Surplus on continuing operations after depreciation of assets at cost	2,696	815
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment (notes 9, 10 and 12)	7,773	6,798
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	395	469
Deferred capital grants released to income (note 19)	(2,935)	(2,659)
Pension cost less contributions payable	(1,580)	(1,477)
(Increase) in stocks	(156)	24
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	(1,998)	494
(Decrease)/Increase in creditors	(4,229)	2,283
(Increase)/decrease in provisions	(1,261)	974
Endowment and investment income	(440)	(562)
Interest Payable	4,897	3,505
Net cash inflow from operating activities	3,162	10,664

25 Analysis of changes in net debt

		Consolidated												
	At 1 August	Cash	Other	At 31 July										
	-		-								-	-	changes	2012
	5,000	£'000	£'000	£'000										
Cash at bank and in hand	24,959	(5,088)	0	19,871										
Endowment asset investments	375	315	0	690										
	25,334	(4,773)	0	20,561										
Current asset investments (short term deposits)	5,058	5,035	0	10,093										
<u>'</u>	30,392	261	0	30,654										
Debt due within one year	(950)	950	(950)	(950)										
Debt due after one year	(75,748)	(15,627)	950	(90,425)										
·	(46,306)	(14,416)	0	(60,721)										

For the year ended 31 July 2012

26 Pension Schemes

The University has three principal pension schemes for employees. These are the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS) and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) and the University of Essex Pension Scheme (UEPS). The assets of the schemes are held in separate trustee-administered funds. All three schemes are defined benefit schemes and are contracted out of the State Earnings-Related Pension Scheme.

USS is a mutual scheme and the assets are not hypothecated to individual institutions and it is therefore not possible to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities.

LGPS became a closed scheme from August 1997 and subsequently all non-academic and related staff who were not members of a pension scheme could join the UEPS. As UEPS became a closed scheme from March 2004, all new staff are now eligible to join USS.

The total pension cost for the University and its subsidiary undertakings was:

	2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000
Contribution to USS	11,552	10,717
Contribution to LGPS	362	465
LGPS additional University costs to fund past service deficiency	1,571	1,525
Contributions to UEPS	645	778
Uof EPS additional University costs to fund past service deficiency	768	646
Net adjustment from FRS 17 staff costs	(1,960)	(1,877)
Total pension cost	12,938	12,254
The total FRS 17 pension liability for the University and its subsidiary undertakings was:	2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000
LGPS pension liability	(18,708)	(16,016)
UEPS pension liability	(5,784)	(1,331
Total pension liability	(24,492)	

Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS)

The University participates in the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS), a defined benefit scheme which is contracted out of the State Second Pension (S2P). The assets of the scheme are held in a seperate fund administered by the trustee, Universities Superannuation Scheme Limited.

The appointment of directors to the board of the trustee is determined by the trustee company's Articles of Association. Four of the directors are appointed by Universities UK; three are appointed by the University and College Union, of whom at least one must be a USS pensioner member; one is appointed by the Higher Education Funding Councils; and a minimum of two and a maximum of four are co-opted directors appointed by the board. Under the scheme trust deed and rules, the employer contribution rate is determined by the trustee, acting on actuarial advice.

The latest triennial actuarial valuation of the scheme was at 31 March 2011. This was the second valuation for USS under the new scheme-specific funding regime introduced by the Pensions Act 2004 requiring schemes to adopt a statutory funding objective, which is to have sufficient and appropriate assets to cover their technical provisions. The actuary also carried out regular reviews of the funding levels. In particular, he carried out a review of the funding level each year between triennial valuations and details of his estimate of the funding level at 31 March 2012 are also included in this note.

The triennial valuation was carried out using the projected unit method. The assumptions which have the most significant effect on the result of the valuation are those relating to the rate of return on investments (i.e. the valuation rate of interest), the rates of increase in salary and pensions and the assumed rates of mortality. The financial assumptions were derived from market yields prevailing at the valuation date. An inflation risk premium adjustment was also included by deducting 0.3% from the market-implied inflation on account of the historically high level of inflation implied by government bonds, particularly when compared to the Bank of England's target of 2% for CPI which corresponds broadly to 2.75% RPI per annum.

To calculate the technical provisions, it was assumed that the valuation rate of interest would be 6.1% per annum, salary increases would be 4.4% per annum (with short term general pay growth at 3.65% per annum and an additional allowance for increases in salaries due to age and promotion reflecting historic scheme experience, with a further cautionary reserve on top for past service liabilities, and pensions would increase by 3.4% per annum for 3 years following the valuation then 2.6% per annum thereafter.

For the year ended 31 July 2012

Universities Superannuation Scheme (continued)

Standard mortality tables were used as follows:

Male member's mortality S1NA [light] YoB tables - no age rating Female member's mortality S1NA [light] YoB tables - rated down 1 year

Use of these mortality tables reasonably reflects the actual USS experience but also provides an element of conservatism to allow for further small improvements in mortality rates the CMI 2009 projections with a 1.25% pa long term rate were also adopted. The assumed life expectations on retirement at age 65 are:

Males (females) currently aged 65 23.7 (25.6) years 25.5 (27.6) years Males (females) currently aged 45

At the valuation date, the market value of the assets of the whole scheme was £32,433.5m and the value of the scheme's technical provisions was £35,343.7m, indicating a shortfall of £2,910.2m. The assets were therefore sufficient to cover 92% of the benefits which had accrued to members after allowing for expected future increases in earnings.

The actuary also valued the scheme on a number of other bases as at the valuation date. On the scheme's historic gilts basis, using a valuation rate of interest in respect of past service liabilities of 4.4% per annum (the expected return on gilts) the funding level was approximately 68%. Under the Pension Protection Fund regulations introduced by the Pensions Act 2004 it was 93% funded; on a buy-out basis (i.e. assuming the Scheme had discontinued on the valuation date) the assets would have been approximately 57% of the amount necessary to secure all the USS benefits with an insurance company; and using the FRS 17 formula as if USS was a single employer scheme, using a AA bond discount rate of 5.5% per annum based upon spot yields, the actuary estimated that the funding level at 31 March 2011 was 82%.

As part of this valuation, the trustees have determined, after consultation with the employers, a recovery plan to pay off the shortfall by 31 March 2021. The next formal triennial actuarial valuation is as at 31 March 2014. If experience up to that date is in line with the assumptions made for this current actuarial valuation and contributions are paid at the determined rates or amounts, the shortfall at 31 March 2014 is estimated to be £2.2 billion.

Since 31 March 2011 global investment markets have continued to fluctuate and following its peak in September 2011 inflation has declined rapidly towards the year end, although the market's assessment of inflation has remained reasonably constant. The actuary has estimated that the funding level as at 31 March 2012 under the scheme specific funding regime has fallen from 92% to 77%. This estimate is based on the results from the valuation at 31 March 2011 allowing primarily for investment returns and changes to market conditions. These are sighted as the two most significant factors affecting the funding positions which has been taken into account for the 31 March 2012 estimation.

On the FRS17 basis, using an AA bond discount rate of 4.9% per annum based upon spot yields, the actuary estimated that the funding level at 31 March 2012 was 74%. An estimate of the funding level measured on a buy-out basis was approximately 56%.

Surpluses or deficits which arise at future valuations may impact on the University's future contribution commitment. A deficit may require additional funding in the form of higher contribution requirements where a surplus could, perhaps, be used to similarly reduce contribution requirements. The sensitivities regarding the principal assumptions used to measure the scheme liabilities on a technical provisions basis as at the date of the last triennial actuarial valuation are set out below:

Change in assumption Impact upon scheme liabilities Assumption Investment return Decrease by 0.25% Increase by £1.6 billion The gap between RPI & CPI Decrease by 0.25% Increase by £1 billion Rate of salary growth Increase by 0.25% Increase by £0.6 billion Members live longer than assumed 1 year longer Increase by £0.8 billion Fall by 25% Equity markets in isolation Increase by £4.6 billion

For the year ended 31 July 2012

26 Universities Superannuation Scheme (continued)

The USS is a last man standing scheme so that in the event of the insolvency of any participating employers in the USS, the amount of any pension funding shortfall (which cannot otherwise be recovered) in respect of that employer will be spread across the remaining participant employers and reflected in the next actuarial valuation of the scheme.

The trustee believes that, over the long-term, equity investment and investment in selected alternative asset classes will provide superior returns to other investment classes. The management structure and targets set are designed to give the fund a bias towards equities through portfolios that are diversified both geographically and by sector. The trustee recognises that it would be possible to select investments producing income flows broadly similar to the estimated liability cash flows. However, in order to meet the long-term funding objective within a level of contributions that it considers the employers would be willing to make, the trustee needs to take on a degree of investment risk relative to the liabilities. This taking of investment risk seeks to target a greater return than the matching assets would provide whilst maintaining a prudent approach to meeting the fund's liabilities. Before deciding to take investment risk relative to the liabilities, the trustee receives advice from its investment consultant and the scheme actuary, and considers the views of the employers. The positive cash flow of the scheme means that it is not necessary to realise investments to meet liabilities. The trustee believes that this, together with the ongoing flow of new entrants into the scheme and the strength of covenant of the employers enables it to take a long-term view of its investments. Short-term volatility of returns can be tolerated and need not feed through directly to the contribution rate, although the trustee is mindful of the desirability of keeping the funding level on the scheme's technical provisions close to or above 100% thereby minimizing the risk of the introduction of deficit contributions. The actuary has confirmed that the scheme's cash flow is likely to remain positive for the next ten years or more.

At 31 March 2012, USS had over 145,000 active members and the institution had 1,420 active members participating in the scheme.

The total pension cost for the institution was \$11.6m (2010-11: \$10.7m). There are no prepaid or outstanding contributions at the balance sheet date. The contribution rate payable by the institution was 16.6% of pensionable salaries.

Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS)

The Essex County Council LGPS is a funded defined benefit scheme, with the assets held in separate trustee administered funds. The contribution rates for 2011-12 were 16.1% and 7% for employees (5.5% for manual workers). In addition, the University made a further payment of £1.571m (2010-11: £1.573m) towards the scheme deficiency.

In prior years University of Essex Commercial Services Limited was considered as a Small Admission Body and was grouped together with other similar employers. It was not possible to identify separately its share of the underlying assets and liabilities, the multi-employer exemption was taken and it was therefore accounted for as a defined contribution scheme.

Information is now available to identify the University of Essex Campus Services Limited liability within the LGPS pension scheme. These values are reflected in the consolidated Financial Statements.

The pensions cost is assessed every three years in accordance with the advice of a qualified actuary. The assumptions and other data that have the most significant effect on the determination of the contribution levels are as follows:

Last actuarial valuation31st March 2010Actuarial methodProjected UnitPension increases2.7% per annumSalary scale increases4.2% per annumMarket value of assets at date of last valuation (whole fund)\$3,085 million

The proportion of members' accrued benefits covered by the actuarial value of assets (whole fund) was 79.6%.

Actuarial Assumptions

A full actuarial valuation was carried out at 31 March 2010, and updated to 31 July 2011 by a qualified independent actuary. The major assumptions used by the actuary were:

	At	At
	July 2012	31 July 2011
Financial Assumptions	%	%
Rate of increase in salaries	3.60	4.30
Rate of increase in pension payments	1.80	2.80
Expected return on assets	5.20	5.80
Discount rate for liabilities	3.90	5.10
Inflation assumptions	1.80	2.80
Split of assets between investment categories		
Equities	69.00	68.40
Government Bonds	6.00	7.00
Other Bonds	9.00	8.50
Property	12.00	11.30
Cash	4.00	4.80
Other	0.00	0.00

For the year ended 31 July 2012

26 Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) - continued

Expected rate of return on assets in the	e scheme						
	Cor	solidated			University		
	Long-term	Whole fund	Whole fund	Long-term	Whole fund	Long-term	Whole fund
	rate of return	value at	value at	rate of return	value at	rate of return	value at
	expected at	31 July 2012	31 July 2012	expected at	31 July 2011	expected at	31 July 2010
	31 July 2012.	£'000	£'000	31 July 2011	\$'000	31 July 2010	\$'000
	%			%		%	
Equities	5.90	3,494,000	2,249,000	7	2,343,000	8	1,712,000
Government Bonds	2.80	304,000	196,000	4	240,000	4	213,000
Other Bonds	3.90	455,000	293,000	5	291,000	5	161,000
Property	4.90	607,000	391,000	6	387,000	7	337,000
Cash	0.50	202,000	130,000	1	164,000	1	92,000
Other	0.00	0	0	0	0	8	366,000
Total market value of assets		5,062,000	3,259,000		3,425,000		2,881,000
Estimated asset share		34,398	32,594		32,461		31,035
Present value of scheme liabilities		-53,241	-50,868		-48,477		-44,823
Deferred Tax Asset		135					
Deficit in the scheme		-18,708	-18,274		-16,016		-13,788
		65%	64%		67%		69%

The expected rate of return on assets is based upon market expectations, at the beginning of the period, for investment returns over the entire life of the related obligation.

Mortality and life expectancy assumptions	At 31 July 2012		A	At 31 July 201
Post retirement mortality assumptions:				
Active members	Males - 91% SiPMA CMI_2009_M [1%]		91% SiPMA CMI	
	Females - 85% S1PFA CMI_2009_F [1%]	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Current Pensioners	Males - 91% SiPMA CMI_2009_M [1%]		91% SiPMA CMI	
	Females - 85% S1PFA CMI_2009_F [1%]	Females -	85% S1PFA CM	I_2009_F [1%
Life expectancy:				
Male (Female) current pensioner aged 65	22.7 years			22.6 years
Male (Female) future pensioner aged 65	25.3 years			25.2 years
		Consolidated	Univ	ersity
		At	At	A·
		31 July 2012	31 July 2012	31 July 2011
		£'000	£'000	£'000
Analysis of amount charged to income and	expenditure account			
Deficit in UECS Scheme at 1 August		(229)		
Current service charge		(510)	(454)	(483
Total operating charge		(739)	(454)	(483
Analysis of net return on pension scheme Expected return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension liabilities Net return		2,113 (2,538) (425)	2,002 (2,432) (430)	1,995 (2,419 (424
	(07701)			
Amount recognised in the statement of total Actual return less expected return on pension		(3,692)	(3,362)	(3,287
Actuarial loss recognised in the STRGL	on scheme assets	(3,692)	(3,362)	(3,287)
-		(0,032)	(0,002)	(0,201)
Movements in deficit during the year		(1001=)	(10010)	(40500)
Deficit in scheme at 1 August		(16,245)	(16,016)	(13,788
Movements in the year:		(= , =)	()	(100
Current service charge		(510)	(454)	(483
Contributions		2,059	2,042	1,966
Past service cost and curtailment loss		0	0	(
Other outgoings		0	0	() = (
Net interest/return on assets		(425)	(430)	(424
Actuarial loss		(3,692)	(3,362)	(3,287
Settlement and Curtailment		(30)	(54)	(
Deferred Tax Asset		135	((105:5
Deficit in scheme at 31 July		(18,708)	(18,274)	(16,016

For the year ended 31 July 2012

Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) - continue	ied			Consolidated		University
				At	At	At
				31 July 2012	31 July 2012	31 July 2011
				£'000	£'000	2'000
Change in benefit obligation during the period to 31 J	luly					
At beginning of year	July			50,452	48,477	44,823
Current service cost				510	454	483
Interest on pension liabilities				2,538	2.432	2,419
Member contributions				168	151	169
Actuarial losses on liabilities				1,856	1,623	2,918
Benefits paid				(2,283)	(2,269)	(2,335)
At end of year				53,241	50,868	48,477
Analysis of movement in the market value of the sche At beginning of year	eme assets			34,207	32,461	31,035
Expected return on plan assets				2,113	2,002	1,995
Actuarial losses on assets				(1,836)	(1,739)	(369)
Employer contributions				2,083	2,042	1,966
Member contributions				168	151	169
Benefits/transfers paid				(2.337)	(2,323)	(2,335)
At end of year				34,398	32,594	32,461
7 t ond or you				0 1,000	02,001	02,101
History of Experience Gains and Losses	Consolidated			University		
motory of Experience dams and Eosses	2011-12	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08
	£000	\$000	\$000	\$000	2000	2000
Difference between the expected and actual return						
on scheme assets:						
Amount	2,113	2,002	(369)	2,860	197	7,456
Percentage of scheme assets	6.14%	6.14%	-1.1%	9.2%	0.7%	26.2%
Experience gains arising on the scheme liabilities:						
Amount	12	12	(368)	0	0	0
7 till Odift			0.00/	0.00/	0.00/	0.00/
Percentage of scheme liabilities	0.0%	0.0%	-0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	0.0%	0.0%	-0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of scheme liabilities Total amount recognised in the Statement of	0.0%	0.0%	-0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percentage of scheme liabilities	0.0%	0.0%	-0.8% (3,287)	(3,573)	0.0%	7,456

In the 2012-13 year, the University estimates the employer contribution will be £1.952m.

University of Essex Pension Scheme (UEPS)

The UEPS is a funded defined benefit scheme, with the assets held in separate trustee administered funds. The contribution rates for 2011-12 were 21.5% for the University and 6% for employees. In addition, the University made a further payment of £0 (2010-11: £46,000) towards the scheme deficiency.

The pensions cost is assessed every three years in accordance with the advice of a qualified actuary. The assumptions and other data that have the most significant effect on the determination of the contribution levels are as follows:

Last actuarial valuation date31 July 2010Actuarial methodProjected UnitPrice inflation3.40% per annumPension increases3.4% per annumSalary scale increases4.4% per annumMarket value of assets at 1 August 2010£12.476m

For the year ended 31 July 2012

26 University of Essex Pension Scheme (UEPS) - continued

Actuarial Assumptions

The FRS 17 disclosures as at 31 July 2012 reflect those adopted by the Scheme Trustees for the formal actuarial

•	, ,				At	At
					31 July 2012	31 July 2011
					%	%
Financial Assumptions						
Rate of increase in salaries					3.60	4.20
Rate of increase in pension payments					2.60	3.20
Expected return on assets					5.15	6.43
Discount rate for liabilities					3.90	5.30
Inflation assumptions					1.80	3.20
Split of assets between investment categories						
Equities					75.15	80.02
Corporate bonds					11.72	10.48
Government bonds					9.49	8.18
					3.64	1.32
Cash Expected rate of return on assets in the scheme					0.0 1	
					0.0 1	52
Cash Expected rate of return on assets in the scheme	Long-term	Whole fund	Long-term	Whole fund	Long-term	Whole fund
	Long-term rate of return	Whole fund value at	Long-term rate of return	Whole fund value at		
	_		U		Long-term	Whole fund
	rate of return	value at	rate of return	value at	Long-term rate of return	Whole fund value at
	rate of return expected at	value at 31 July 2012	rate of return expected at 31 July 2011 %	value at 31 July 2011	Long-term rate of return expected at 31 July 2010 %	Whole fund value at 31 July 2010 £'000
	rate of return expected at 31 July 2012	value at 31 July 2012	rate of return expected at 31 July 2011	value at 31 July 2011	Long-term rate of return expected at 31 July 2010	Whole fund value at 31 July 2010
Expected rate of return on assets in the scheme	rate of return expected at 31 July 2012 %	value at 31 July 2012 £'000	rate of return expected at 31 July 2011 %	value at 31 July 2011 £'000	Long-term rate of return expected at 31 July 2010 %	Whole fund value at 31 July 2010 £'000
Expected rate of return on assets in the scheme Equities	rate of return expected at 31 July 2012 % 5.9	value at 31 July 2012 £'000	rate of return expected at 31 July 2011 % 7.0	value at 31 July 2011 £'000	Long-term rate of return expected at 31 July 2010 %	Whole fund value at 31 July 2010 £'000
Expected rate of return on assets in the scheme Equities Corporate bonds	rate of return expected at 31 July 2012 % 5.9 3.9	value at 31 July 2012 £'000 12,122 1,531	rate of return expected at 31 July 2011 % 7.0 4.0	value at 31 July 2011 £'000 12,088 1,583	Long-term rate of return expected at 31 July 2010 % 7.3 5.4	Whole fund value at 31 July 2010 £'000 9,614 1,286
Expected rate of return on assets in the scheme Equities Corporate bonds Government bonds	rate of return expected at 31 July 2012 % 5.9 3.9 2.8	value at 31 July 2012 £'000 12,122 1,531 1,890	rate of return expected at 31 July 2011 % 7.0 4.0 4.9	value at 31 July 2011 £'000 12,088 1,583 1,235	Long-term rate of return expected at 31 July 2010 % 7.3 5.4 4.3	Whole fund value at 31 July 2010 £'000 9,614 1,286 1,044
Expected rate of return on assets in the scheme Equities Corporate bonds Government bonds Cash	rate of return expected at 31 July 2012 % 5.9 3.9 2.8	value at 31 July 2012 £'000 12,122 1,531 1,890 587	rate of return expected at 31 July 2011 % 7.0 4.0 4.9	value at 31 July 2011 £'000 12,088 1,583 1,235 262	Long-term rate of return expected at 31 July 2010 % 7.3 5.4 4.3	Whole fund value at 31 July 2010 £'000 9,614 1,286 1,044 532
Expected rate of return on assets in the scheme Equities Corporate bonds Government bonds Cash Total market value of assets	rate of return expected at 31 July 2012 % 5.9 3.9 2.8	value at 31 July 2012 £'000 12,122 1,531 1,890 587 16,130	rate of return expected at 31 July 2011 % 7.0 4.0 4.9	value at 31 July 2011 £'000 12,088 1,583 1,235 262 15,168	Long-term rate of return expected at 31 July 2010 % 7.3 5.4 4.3	Whole fund value at 31 July 2010 £'000 9,614 1,286 1,044 532 12,476

The expected rate of return on assets is based upon the long term expectation for each asset class at the beginning of the period.

Mortality and life expectancy assumptions

FRS17 disclosures up to July 2006 used the standard PXA92 series tables as used in the formal actuarial valuation in 2004. The trustees agreed that the formal funding valuation as at 31 July 2007 should be based on the standard mortality table PXA92 based on each member's actual year of birth and allowing for future improvements in mortality in line with the medium cohort projections. The University agreed to adopt these tables to calculate the liabilities for the FRS 17 disclosure as at 31 July 2010

	At	At
Life expectancy assumptions	31 July 2012	31 July 2011
Non-pensioners	SIPXA(YOB)	SIPXA(YOB)
'	1% u/p	1% u/p
Pensioners	SIPXA(YOB)	SIPXA(YOB)
	1% u/p	1% u/p
	At	At
	31 July 2012	31 July 2011
	£'000	2,000
Analysis of amount charged to income and expenditure account		
Current service charge	(735)	(885)
Past service cost	0	0
Total operating charge	(735)	(885)
Analysis of net return on pension scheme		
Expected return on pension scheme assets	991	879
Interest on pension liabilities	(881)	(855)
Net return	110	24

For the year ended 31 July 2012

26 University of Essex Pension Scheme (continued)

				At 31 July 2012	At 31 July 2011
				€'000	£'000
Amount recognised in the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses	s (STRGL)				
Actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets				(670)	777
Actuarial (loss)/gain arising on the scheme liabilities				(4,265)	487
Actuarial (loss)/gain recognised in the STRGL				(4,935)	1,264
Movements in deficit during the year					
Deficit in scheme at 1 August				(1,331)	(3,013)
Movements in the year:					
Current service charge				(735)	(885)
Contributions				1,107	1,279
Net interest/return on assets				110	24
Actuarial (loss)/gain				(4,935)	1,264
Deficit in scheme at 31 July				(5,784)	(1,331)
Change in benefit obligation during the period to 31 July					
At beginning of year				16,499	15,489
Current service cost				735	885
Interest on pension liabilities				881	855
Member contributions				17	18
Actuarial loss/(gain) on liabilities				4,265	(487)
Benefits paid				(483)	(261)
At end of year				21,914	16,499
Analysis of movement in the market value of the scheme assets					
At beginning of year				15,168	12,476
Expected return on plan assets				991	879
Actuarial (loss)/gain on assets					
For all and a control to the ac-				(670)	
Employer contributions				(670) 1,107	777 1,279
Employer contributions Member contributions					777
Member contributions				1,107	777 1,279 18
, -				1,107 17	777 1,279
Member contributions Benefits and transfers paid At end of year	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	1,107 17 (483)	777 1,279 18 (261) 15,168
Member contributions Benefits and transfers paid	2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000	2009-10 £'000	1,107 17 (483) 16,130	777 1,279 18 (261) 15,168
Member contributions Benefits and transfers paid At end of year				1,107 17 (483) 16,130	777 1,279 18 (261)
Member contributions Benefits and transfers paid At end of year History of Experience Gains and Losses				1,107 17 (483) 16,130	777 1,279 18 (261) 15,168 2007-08 £'000
Member contributions Benefits and transfers paid At end of year History of Experience Gains and Losses Difference between the expected and actual return on scheme assets:	£'000	£'000	£'000	1,107 17 (483) 16,130 2008-09 £'000	777 1,279 18 (261) 15,168
Member contributions Benefits and transfers paid At end of year History of Experience Gains and Losses Difference between the expected and actual return on scheme assets: Amount	£'000 (670)	£'000	£'000	1,107 17 (483) 16,130 2008-09 £'000	777 1,279 18 (261) 15,168 2007-08 £'000
Member contributions Benefits and transfers paid At end of year History of Experience Gains and Losses Difference between the expected and actual return on scheme assets: Amount Percentage of scheme assets	£'000 (670)	£'000	£'000	1,107 17 (483) 16,130 2008-09 £'000	777 1,279 18 (261) 15,168 2007-08 £'000 (686) -7.8%
Member contributions Benefits and transfers paid At end of year History of Experience Gains and Losses Difference between the expected and actual return on scheme assets: Amount Percentage of scheme assets Experience gains arising on the scheme liabilities:	£'000 (670) 4.2%	£'000 777 5.1%	£'000 1,186 9.5%	1,107 17 (483) 16,130 2008-09 £'000 (1,113) 11.8%	777 1,279 18 (261) 15,168 2007-08 £'000 (686) -7.8%
Member contributions Benefits and transfers paid At end of year History of Experience Gains and Losses Difference between the expected and actual return on scheme assets: Amount Percentage of scheme assets Experience gains arising on the scheme liabilities: Amount	£'000 (670) 4.2% (4,265)	£'000 777 5.1% 487	£'000 1,186 9.5% (1,031)	1,107 17 (483) 16,130 2008-09 £'000 (1,113) 11.8%	777 1,279 18 (261) 15,168 2007-08 £'000
Member contributions Benefits and transfers paid At end of year History of Experience Gains and Losses Difference between the expected and actual return on scheme assets: Amount Percentage of scheme assets Experience gains arising on the scheme liabilities: Amount Percentage of scheme liabilities	£'000 (670) 4.2% (4,265)	£'000 777 5.1% 487	£'000 1,186 9.5% (1,031)	1,107 17 (483) 16,130 2008-09 £'000 (1,113) 11.8%	777 1,279 18 (261) 15,168 2007-08 £'000 (686) -7.8%

In the 2012-13 year, the University estimates that it will pay £937k in future service contributions and £0 in respect of the past service deficit. From 1 April 2009, the University has operated a salary sacrifice arrangement for this scheme. This includes the contributions the University expects to make due to its salary sacrifice arrangement.

For the year ended 31 July 2012

27 Subsidiary Undertakings and Joint Ventures

The University has the following wholly owned subsidiary companies:		At 31 July 2012	At 31 July 2011
Company	Activity	£1 Shares	£1 Shares
University of Essex Enterprises (formerly known as Wivenhoe Technology Ltd)	Acquisition, protection and licensing of intellectual property from the University	2	2
Wivenhoe House Hotel Ltd	Development and operation of a hotel school	9,865,565	4,465,000
University of Essex Campus Services Ltd (formerly known as University of Essex Commercial Services Ltd)	Management of commercial activities at the University	1,251,002	999,002
University of Essex Knowledge Gateway Holdings Ltd	Holding land on behalf of the University for development as a Research Park	12,490,680	12,390,682
University of Essex Knowledge Gateway Park Ltd	Development and marketing of a Research Park	350,002	250,002
University of Essex Environmental Facilities Ltd	Dormant throughout the year	100,000	100,000
East 15 Acting School Ltd	Dormant throughout the year	2	2
University of Essex (Elmstead Road) Ltd	Dormant throughout the year	2	2
Universal Accommodation Group Ltd	Development of student accommodation	1	1
Trading results of wholly owned subsidiaries:		2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000
University of Essex Enterprises Ltd Wivenhoe House Hotel Ltd Univerity of Essex Campus Services Ltd University of Essex Knowledge Gateway Holding Universal Accommodation Group Ltd* University of Essex Knowledge Gateway Ltd	s Ltd	26 (321) (60) (112) 411 (154)	94 0 578 (192) 410 (138)
		(210)	750

^{*} Trading results before tax

These results have been included in the consolidated financial statements. All subsidiaries have a year end date of 31 July.

University Campus Suffolk Ltd is a company limited by guarantee with two members, the University of Essex and the University of East Anglia, to promote the establishment of a university campus in Suffolk. For the year ending 31 July 2012 it recorded a surplus of \$1.822m after taxation (\$2.313m in 2010-11). On 9 September 2008, UCS Ltd was gifted land with an estimated value of \$9.3m by Ipswich Borough Council to aid the development of Phase II of the capital programme. In the event that any part of the site remains undeveloped after 31 March 2013, the Council has the option to repurchase it for \$1.

During the year, UCS Ltd purchased goods and services to the value of £169k from the University (2010-11: £319k) of which £445 was outstanding at 31 July 2012 (2010-11: £150k). UCS Ltd provided services to the University to the value of £4k, (2010-11: £14k) with £NIL outstanding at 31 July 2012. (2010-11: £1k)

University Campus Suffolk Ltd have been accounted for as a joint venture in accordance with FRS 9. The level of profit has included within the consolidated financial statements was as follows:

	Year-end date	2011-12	2010-11
Joint Venture		£'000	2'000
University Campus Suffolk Ltd	31 July	912	1,162
		912	1,162

For the year ended 31 July 2012

27 Subsidiary Undertakings and Joint Ventures (continued)

The University's 50% share of the gross assets and liabilities of its joint venture was:

	2011-12	2010-11
	Total	Total
	£'000	£'000
Fixed Assets	35,059	35,213
Current Assets	5,319	5,649
Share of Total Assets	40,378	40,863
Current Liabilities	(2,566)	(2,512)
Liabilities - amounts falling due after more than one year	(11,759)	(11,438)
Share of Total Liabilities	(14,325)	(13,950)

28 Related Party Transactions

The related parties of the University are the wholly and partially owned subsidiary undertakings (listed in note 27 of these Financial Statements), the University of Essex Students' Union and the members of the Council.

In the preparation of these Financial Statements, the University has taken advantage of the exemptions contained within Financial Reporting Standard 8 relating to transactions and balances eliminated on consolidation.

All transactions and balances with the subsidiary undertakings have been eliminated on consolidation and therefore no disclosure is given.

Due to the level and nature of transactions between the organisations, the University of Essex Students' Union is considered to be a related party. In the year to 31 July 2012 the University paid the Union a revenue grant of £981,640 (20010-11: £797,242), and provided accommodation free of rent. The Union's income and expenditure account shows the following:

	2011-12	2010-11
	£'000	2'000
Income	1,566	6,039
Expenditure	(1,530)	(6,047)
Operating surplus/(loss) before and after transfers from/(to) reserves	36	(8)

Mr Nathan Bolton was a Council member during 2011-12 who also sat on Essex Students' Union Board.

All transactions involving organisations in which a member of Council may have an interest are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with the University's Financial Regulations and normal procurement procedures. Given that the University Council includes members drawn from public and private sector organisations, some transactions take place with organisations in which a member of Council may have an interest. However, these transactions occur at the operational level where they are instigated by members of staff and approved by senior management under delegated authority. There is no direct benefit to members of Council.

Members of Council (and its sub-committees) are required to declare all outside interests. When an item arises in which a member has an interest, it must be declared and the member concerned may not take part in that debate or any related decisions.

29 Contingent Liabilities

On 14 July 2008, the University provided a guarantee to Barclays Bank PLC on behalf of University Campus Suffolk (UCS). The guarantee supports a loan of £12.5m by the bank to UCS in respect of building works, and liability is shared equally between the University and the University of East Anglia.

On 27 April 2010, UCS entered into an additional loan facility of £8m with Barclays Bank PLC. The loan has been guaranteed by the University and the University of East Anglia in equal proportion. The facility was fully drawn down as at 31 July 2012.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 July 2011

30 Agency Arrangements

	Univ	ersity
	2011-12 £'000	2010-11 £'000
Hardship Funds		
Balance brought forward at 1 August	582	33
Funding council grants received Interest earned	324	270
	906	303
Disbursed to students	321	279
Balance carried forward at 31 July	1,227	582
NHS Bursaries		
Payments received from NHS organisations	980	1,381
Disbursed to students	(980)	(1,381)
Balance unspent at 31 July	0	0

These funds are available solely for students; the University acts only as the paying agent. The income and the related disbursements are therefore excluded from the Income and Expenditure Account.

Payments received from HEFCE	5,052	4,640
Payments made to partner institutions	(5,052)	(4,640)
Balance unspent at 31 July	0	0
HEFCE Research Grant Payments received from HEFCE	241	138
Payments made to partner institutions	(241)	(138)
Balance unspent at 31 July	0	0

These funds are received by the University in respect of its partner institutions. The income and the related payments are therefore excluded from the Income and Expenditure Account.

The University has partnership arrangements for the delivery of Higher Education programmes with South Essex College, Colchester Institute, Writtle College, The Portman and Tavistock NHS Foundation Trust and Kaplan Ltd.

31 Earnings Before Interest, Taxation, Depreciation and Amortisation (EBITDA)

Payments received from General Social Care Council

Payments made to partner institution

Balance unspent at 31 July

Earnings before interest, taxation, depreciation and amortisation – adjusted for one off staff restructuring costs and pension FRS17 adjustment (EBITDA) is a measure of cash operating surplus.

The reconciliation from the surplus on continuing operations and EBITDA is:

	Consolidated	
	2011-12	2010-11
	£'000	2'000
Surplus on continuing operations after depreciation but before joint ventures	2,696	815
add back depreciation and amortisation charge	7,773	6,798
less release of deferred capital grants (note 23)	(2,935)	(2,659)
add back interest payable (note 9)	4,897	3,505
less general interest income (note 5)	(250)	(332)
add back FRS 17 (Charges)	(1,590)	(1,477)
add back exceptional non-recurrent items:		
Staff restructuring costs	497	2,748
EBITDA	11,088	9,398

Five-Year Summary of Financial Position (unaudited)

For the year ended 31 July

32 Joint Venture Deferred Capital Grants Reserve

25,882	26,384
475	868
(1,850)	(1,370)
24,507	25,882
2011-12	2010-11
£'000	£'000
	475 (1,850) 24,507

2010-11

0

0

67

67

2011-12

0

16

67 83

All leases are for land. The lease falling within two to five years is for land at Southend. Those over five years are for land at East 15 Acting School at Loughton.

34 Post Balance Sheet Events

Leases expiring within one year

Leases expiring after five years

Leases expiring between two and five years

On 7 August, the University satisfactorily concluded negotiations with Uliving to develop and operate new student accommodation, to be called The Meadows, and to take on the operation of The Quays, an existing block of accommodation. Uliving has been granted a 50 year headlease for The Meadows site.

The Meadows is scheduled for completion in September 2013 in readiness for the 2013-14 academic year. It will provide an additional 648 bed spaces for students of the University. The Quays has 766 bed spaces and will transfer to Uliving in July 2013, at which time the University will grant a second headlease.

Uliving is a consortium of Bouygues Development and Derwent Living, the parent company of Derwent FM which will provide facilities management services.

Five-Year Summary of Financial Position (unaudited)

For the year ended 31 July

	2007-08 £'000	2008-09 £'000 As restated	2009-10 £'000	2010-11 £'000	2011-12 £'000
Income and Expenditure Account					
Income					
Funding council grants	33,622	34,867	35,775	36,333	33,952
Tuition fees and educational contracts	35,329	44,340	54,853	56,864	62,734
Research grants and contracts	15,744	18,184	21,103	25,493	25,445
Other income	35,278	39,844	44,290	45,622	48,924
Endowment and investment income	1,205	903	336	562	440
Total	121,178	138,138	156,357	164,874	171,495
Less share of joint venture income	(11,976)	(15,340)	(17,397)	(18,628)	(19,391)
Total income	109,202	122,798	138,960	146,246	152,104
Expenditure					
Staff costs	67,392	72,470	75,811	79,693	81,396
Other operating expenses	32,948	41,546	48,164	55,147	55,022
Depreciation	4,406	5,104	5,702	6,686	7,773
Interest paid	2,482	3,006	3,046	3,905	5,217
Total expenditure	107,228	122,126	132,723	145,431	149,408
Surplus after depreciation of assets at cost	1,974	672	6,237	815	2,696
Share of operating loss in joint venture	(353)	(498)	801	1,162	912
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	0	0	0	0	0
Surplus for the year	1,621	174	7,038	1,977	3,608
				·	
Balance Sheet as at 31 July					
Total fixed assets	166,680	175,834	214,549	220,794	232,256
Intangible Assets	0	1,362	1,226	1,090	C
Endowment assets	2,670	3,465	4,521	5,066	5,177
Current assets	18,079	24,988	30,673	39,248	41,240
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	(18,049)	(21,249)	(29,417)	(31,807)	(27,578)
Total assets less current liabilities	169,380	184,400	221,552	234,391	251,095
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	(36,562)	(44,682)	(67,629)	(75,641)	(90,425)
Provisions for liabilities	(439)	(1,048)	(405)	(1,379)	(118)
Pension liability	(21,577)	(21,299)	(16,801)	(17,347)	(24,492)
Net assets	110,802	117,371	136,717	140,024	136,060
Deferred capital grants	51,799	57,418	59,877	62,664	65,907
Endowments	2,670	3,465	4,521	5,066	5,177
Reserves	56,333	33,346	45,935	46,412	40,469
Total funds	110,802	94,229	110,333	114,142	111,553
iotai iunus	110,002	94,229	110,333	114,142	111,555
Financial Statistics					
Surplus as a percentage of turnover	1.5%	0.1%	5.3%	1.4%	2.4%
Margin on research grants and contracts	22.0%	20.2%	17.9%	16.6%	16.5%
(income less direct expenditure/income)					
Margin on residences, catering and conferences	14.6%	15.2%	9.6%	12.5%	11.7%
(income less direct expenditure/income)	1.0	1.0	4.0	1.0	
Current ratio	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.5
(current assets/current liabilities)	01.00/	20.40/	40.00/	40 E0/	E0 00/
Debt as percentage of total turnover	31.8%	32.4%	43.3%	46.5%	53.3%
Liquidity days	39	56	60	79	77
(number of days of average expenditure excluding depreciation					
supported by cash balances)	00	0.17	20	00	0.4
Debtor days (number of days income excluding Funding Council great represented	33	37	33	29	34
(number of days income excluding Funding Council grant represented					
by debtors due within one year)					

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